

# THE NEW NORTH.

VOLUME 16, NO. 23.

RHINELANDER, WISCONSIN, THURSDAY, JULY 28, 1898.

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### Shot and Killed.

A sad happening, terrible in its results, occurred in the Sixth Ward Monday afternoon.

The old story, always coupled with a sad ending, again furnishes material for comment. Two small boys and a loaded gun figure in the story and but one boy lives to state the facts. Thomas Goodell, aged eleven years, was playing with Freddie Rahrhicht, aged six. The two boys were the best of friends and always played together, never having quarreled. They were next door neighbors and their homes were separated by a fence. Monday afternoon Mr. and Mrs. Goodell were away on a berrying trip leaving the boy at home. Mr. Rahrhicht was also away and excepting Mrs. Rahrhicht the two boys were alone. Some talk between them led to young Goodell going into the house after his father's rifle, a 44-calibre Marlin, which stood behind the pantry door. He found the weapon, and brought it out on the porch. There was no cartridge in the barrel but several were in the magazine. The boy had handled the gun but once before and his father did not imagine that he knew how to operate it, but it seems that he did. He pulled down the lever and brought it up again, loading the gun. The little Rahrhicht boy stood in his father's yard beside the fence, when the rifle was discharged, the bullet striking him in the mouth, death immediately resulting. The ball did not go through the boy's head but lodged at the base of the skull.

The story at first told to the effect that the Rahrhicht boy was pulling up corn in the Goodell yard and upon being told to stop refused, the shooting resulting from the refusal, was without foundation. There was but a few feet separating the boys when the gun went off, and the Rahrhicht boy was standing by the fence in his own yard. The father of the dead boy stated that he was assured that there was no ill feeling and is convinced that the sad happening was the result of accident.

Freddie was an only son, and was a great favorite with all his playmates, and his shocking death is sincerely regretted by all. The bereaved father and mother have the sympathy of the entire community.

Funeral services over the remains were held at the residence of the father of the dead boy at two o'clock yesterday afternoon.

### Brown Wins the Race.

About two hundred and fifty people witnessed the running match at the fair grounds, Sunday afternoon, between J. E. Brown, of Rhinelander, and Bert Kimball, of Arbor Vitae. The race was exciting, and so close at the finish that although several stop watches were held to catch the time, the holders were so interested that they forgot to stop the timepieces until after the men passed the line, and no time was given. It is said, however, that a town of Peconic farmer caught it, who gave it out as 11½, but this was evidently a trifle slow.

A large number from Arbor Vitae and Minocqua witnessed the match, and it is said considerable money changed hands on the outcome. One hundred yards were to be covered by the runners, and a purse of \$200 went to the winner. Many side bets were reported. A pistol shot was the signal for starting and Brown got a trifle the best of it. The men were very evenly matched, and there was scarcely two feet in Brown's favor when they crossed the line.

### Sold the Robbins Mill.

Negotiations were closed recently whereby the saw mill of the Brown-Robbins Lumber Co., located at Robbins, Mich., was sold to Wiloughby & Hathaway, of North Tonawanda, N. Y.

The new owners are now moving the mill machinery to Spider Lake, Wis., a station twenty miles west of Ashland, on the Northern Pacific R'y., where they have contracts for sawing 20,000,000 of timber.

The Robbins mill had a capacity of 50,000 feet of lumber per ten hours' run. The first sawing the mill did was in the month of January, 1892. From that time on the mill was steadily engaged while the logs lasted.

It is understood that had there been any inducement offered Mr. Robbins would have brought the mill to Rhinelander.

The Congregational Sunday School will hold its Annual Picnic on Tuesday next at Lake Julia. Start will be made from the Church at 9 a. m.

### Likes the Country.

The following extracts were taken from a private letter received by G. H. Clark from his brother Perry, written from Dawson City. Perry likes that country and is confident that that is the place to make money. . . . We left our outfit at the mouth of the Stewart river. Oliver staid there and Tim, Doctor and I came down with Fox and one of his party, and they put their engine in our boat and made a steam boat. It is a great river here—some places nearly a mile wide, while below here it is thirty and fifty miles wide. Dawson has a great many tents in it, and quite a number of the great city we have read so much about, and have found many people we know. We found Tim's brother-in-law, Johnnie Sullivan, this morning. I don't know when you will hear from me again, for if we don't stay here we will go up the Stewart river about two hundred miles, and we may not get mail out of there until it freezes up. Don't worry about me, for I'll be all right anyway. You can get anything you want here if you have the money to pay for it. It costs \$2.50 for a meal and everything else in proportion. I feel the best I ever did; eat like a horse, and as yet haven't had to work as hard as I did in the store.

Frank Hewitt and those boys from Neilsville are here, but I haven't seen them yet. Chappell, the cook I worked on the river with that spring, is next the richest man in Alaska. His partner is worth \$1,750,000. I haven't seen him yet, but hear he will be in town in a day or two. Johnnie Sullivan gave Tim a nugget worth \$300. It is about two inches long. . . . Last night you could see the sun set and rise at the same time. If you were on the mountains, it is daylight here all night now. You could see the sun most of the night, only that it goes back of the mountains for a little while in the middle of the night. It is very hot during the middle of the day, but the mornings are cool and the evenings after 4 o'clock commence to cool off.

### Star Lake Notes.

Rev. E. D. Kohlstedt was here over Sunday and conducted services Sunday evening.

During the past week rumors were abroad that we should have "Broken Promises" given here by Arbor Vitae talent Saturday evening. The Star Lake residents turned out in a body, but after waiting until 9:30 and there was as yet no sign of an entertainment they repaired to their homes. About 10 o'clock strange noises were heard and in a few minutes people were made aware of the fact that "the troop had arrived," verifying the statement made by one young lady that they would get here if they didn't get here till morning and they were ready for action, but it would be poor fun to play to the walls so they abandoned the idea and had a dance. It is needless to say they started for home next morning before common people are up.

The Arbor Vitae girls are fair to look upon, and the boys are extremely well-spoken; but the only promise given and kept is the promise that was broken.

Father Meyer was here over Sunday.

Mr. A. Amott and L. Ostrander leave Tuesday for Washington. Mrs. Amott and Mrs. Ostrander will visit with relatives for about two months, the former in Washington and the latter in Black River Falls.

### Star Lake Browne.

#### A Talented Company.

The Ferris Comellians closed their engagement here Saturday night, and according to agreement gave away a pig. The conditions were that the man who took the pig home must take it from the pen arranged upon the stage and carry it through the house. This job fell to W. H. Trumbull, of the Vindicator, and the strange look he got on the pig's neck quickly gave him all the odds. The Ferris Company is composed of gentlemen and ladies and the entertainments given here were clean and enjoyable. The specialty features were above the average—senior, the Irish and German Comely work was exceptionally good and was greatly appreciated by the audiences.

F. R. Bently, District Attorney of Sauk County, this state, spent Sunday with Fred Moore and wife. Mr. Bently is an old friend of Mr. Moore and the visit was enjoyed by both.

### A Business Change.

Negotiations which have been pending for some time reached a culminating point last week when H. and S. S. Heinemann, the big Wausau merchants, completed arrangements with Irvin Gray for the transfer of his business here to them. The Messrs. Heinemann will take possession August 5 and one of the gentlemen will probably locate here, but that point is not yet settled for certain, nor yet what changes will be made in the stock to be handled. One thing is assured and that is that the standard of excellence which has characterized Mr. Gray's stock will not suffer any by the transfer. Heinemann Brothers are possessed of years of experience in the mercantile business and have owned and successfully operated establishments in the leading cities in Northern Wisconsin. Their mammoth store at Wausau is a model institution and the largest in that city, which is saying considerable.

Twelve years ago Mr. Gray sold his business at Antigo, where he was then engaged, to the same gentlemen, moving to this city immediately afterward, where he has won the respect of all tradespeople by his honesty and fair dealing.

Mr. Gray had realized for months that a warmer climate was necessary for himself and family and his going out of business here in Rhinelander is due entirely to his desire for a climatic change. He has not decided yet as to where he will locate, but it will be in some southern state where healthful conditions are more favorable than here.

### Good Country Roads.

"The great secret of success in road-making and road-keeping is to drain the roads, and keep the roads drained by keeping the ditches open," writes John Giller Speed on "How to Have Good Country Roads," in the August Ladies Home Journal. "The old method was to run a plow through the side ditches and throw the disturbed soil, sod and all, in the middle of the road. There it would stay till a heavy rain came to wash this soil back into the ditches and fill them up again. If there were money enough this kind of thing would be done over and over again, as often as four times in a year. Where there were wet spots broken stone or gravel would be placed in the road and left for the passing wagons to wear this metal into ruts. The money spent was absolutely thrown away."

"By the new process all the road-mender needs to do is to provide ditches and outlets for them, and then so shape the road that the water falling in a rain-storm will run off at once into the ditches. The water must not be suffered to run in the road, but off the road. The rainfall, being thus simply and effectively disposed of, becomes a most beneficial instead of a destructive agent; it cleans, and shapes, and hardens the roadway, instead of washing it away and deepening the ruts. When there are wet places, such as springs, in the roadway, gravel and broken stone will not cure such things. The water must be drained off underneath the roadway and into the ditches by means of pipe or blind drains. The whole thing is so simple that any one can easily master the principles and put the details into practical operation."

### Will go to Cleveland, Ohio.

Rev. B. Hugenroth, who has filled the position of Rector in St. Mary's Catholic Church in this city for the past two years, sent in his resignation to Bishop Messner last week and has accepted the high position of Professor of Latin, Greek, German, Moral Theology and Philosophy in the Josephinum Pontifical College at Cleveland, Ohio. Rev. Hugenroth has been considering the acceptance of the above offer for the past two months, as the position held many advantages over his charge here. He will leave for his new field of labor, the 17th of next month. His successor here has not yet been announced.

### Cut One.

Twenty page book size 7 by 10 inches containing chronology of the principal events of the war (from Feb. 15th, the day the Battle Ship Maine was mysteriously blown up) illustrated with 6 by 7 inch halftones of Battle Ships, and life on board same. This beautiful publication will be sent free to any one sending five cents in stamps, for postage, to W. B. Callaway, G. P. A., Soo Line, Minneapolis, Minn. Jy. 28-31.

New hay is bringing eight to ten dollars per ton.

Mrs. Geo. Jenkinson is in Minocqua, this week, visiting her husband.

Mr. Chas. Chace and Miss Mabel have returned from their lake trip.

Crops here were finer in the vicinity of Rhinelander than at the present time.

S. S. Miller and family spent a few days of last week at Sugar Camp Lake.

Mrs. J. O. Raymond and sister, Miss Allan, are visiting Stevens Point friends.

The Misses Minnie McDonald and Agnes Doyle are visiting a lady friend at Woodboro this week.

An eleven pound daughter arrived at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Alex. Mellae Sunday morning.

John O'Day and Perry Foster, two prominent Merrill lumbermen, were in the city the first of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Y. Potter, of Chicago, arrived in Rhinelander Monday for a few weeks visit with friends.

Master Parrish Lewis returned to his home at Antigo Monday after a pleasant visit at the home of B. B. Lewis.

A call is made for special meeting of Ladies of Congregational Church to-night (Thursday) at Church parlors at 8:30.

Mr. and Mrs. Irvin Gray and the Misses Christanson went to Tomahawk Lake Saturday for a two day's outing.

Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Shelton and daughter left last week to join the Wisconsin Editorial Association on its annual trip.

Howard Robbins received a fast puer last week from Hurley and now travels in the front rank with the local horsemen.

Mr. and Mrs. S. D. Woodworth, who spent a week with their daughter, Mrs. E. S. Shepard, returned to New London Saturday.

The Endeavor Society held a pleasant social on Tuesday night at the home of Miss Jennie Barnes. There was a large attendance.

Ladies will find a new line of Art Linens and Embroidery silks at Hamilton & Edwards'. Stamping will also be done at reasonable rates.

Mrs. Lizzie Stetson, of Waupaca, has been engaged to fill the position in our schools made vacant by the resignation of Miss Banvard.

Pat Madden, of Minocqua, was a very interested spectator at the foot race at the fair grounds Sunday. Pat got a little touch of "high life."

Miss Amy Langdon, of Stevens Point, is visiting at the home of her brother M. Langdon this week. Miss Langdon was formerly in the millinery business in this city.

Mrs. A. J. Larson left Wednesday morning for her home at Woolley, Wash., after a week's visit with her brother, Mr. Anton Hanson. She was accompanied by her mother.

Ben Innes was at Minocqua Monday on business. Swanson & Co. of that place recently let a contract to Hutchinson & Innes for equipping their establishment with a complete system of plumbing and Ben was looking over the field to see what material was needed.

Messrs. G. W. Gould, Herbert T. Gould and W. A. McLeod, of Minneapolis, are the guests of Mrs. Fred. Coon at the Fuller House this week. They will leave over the "Soo" road Monday night for a trip to Canada, stopping off at Gladstone, Sault Ste Marie, Quebec and Montreal. Mrs. Coon will accompany them.

Frank Pingry arrived home Monday morning from a four weeks' trip through Indiana and Illinois for J. D. Day. Frank says the lumber trade is improving and that he secured his share of the orders. He reports that the farmers in that part of the country are jubilant over the prospects of big crops this fall, corn, oats and hay never promising better.

Rev. P. W. Peterson, of Milwaukee, preached two very interesting and helpful sermons at the Methodist church last Sunday, which pulpit he will also fill, both morning and evening, next Lord's Day. Mr. Peterson has been one of the faithful pastors of the M. E. Church for a good many years. At present he is the editor of "The Lamplighter," published in the interest of the M. E. Church.

# NEW NORTH.

REINTEGRATED PRINTING COMPANY.

WHINELANDER. • WISCONSIN.

NEW ORLEANS has a blind bootblack, but then hardly any bootblack is able to see that your boots are not in need of a shine.

BEN JONAS, the prize fighter, who recently whipped George Dixon, America's champion featherweight, is the son of a London clergyman and has been disowned by his family because of his taking up with pugilism.

THE contract for printing United States postage stamps next year includes 2,735,702,525 two-cent stamps, and 1,541,535,650 one-cent stamps. The smallest number of any one variety will be 4,420 \$50 stamps. These are used for postage upon newspapers mailed in bulk.

Now that Hawaii has been annexed, the Queen Dowager Kapiolani is suing her two nephews for property in Honolulu, worth hundreds of thousands of dollars, which she had previously deeded to them, while another report is to the effect that the ex-queen is going back to the islands to live.

ATTEN all our laughing at Spanish war news the most truthful item from any origin since the conflict began is the Madrid dispatch published about the time of our first landing in Cuba which said: "Adm. Cervera, it is rumored in political circles, will immediately undertake a step the probable result of which will be favorable to peace."

THERE is much satisfaction in the reports of the rapid healing of wounds in the ship hospitals of the Cuban fleet. Under the modern system of antiseptic dressing there is no formation of pus and no fever, so that the wounds heal very rapidly and a much better record is made than during the civil war. Of course, there is a great reduction of suffering as well as an increased saving of life.

It is said that the last direct descendant of Amerigo Vesputi, who is living in Florence, Italy, is the Countess America Talon. Her husband, Viscount Talon, was a Frenchman, who fought in the Crimea, and was mortally wounded at Solferino. They were once rich, but the widow has little left to live upon except a small pension accorded her by Spain in memory of her great ancestor.

NAVAL Cadet Hiroaki Tamura, who is at Annapolis through the courtesy of this government, is a very much disappointed young man because the Japanese legation at Washington will not permit him to aid Uncle Sam in whipping the Spaniards. Tamura is in this country under the supervision of his own government and to let him enter the United States service would be a violation of the neutrality laws on the part of Japan.

CANVAS THE CASHIER's widow has received a magnificent present from admirers of her husband in the Philippines. It is a large map in relief of the Philippines, made of beaten gold, the towns marked by rubies, the names written in sapphires and the dedication in diamonds. The map is set in a frame of gold and jewels, with a gold bust of Canovas at top, and this is inclosed in a box of precious wood artistically carved. The gift it valued at \$20,000.

PROF. CHARLES H. MCNEIL, a noted chemist and dean of the Columbia university, has been experimenting with Jovite, a new explosive, and predicts it will take the place of gun cotton on the Vesuvius. Jovite is the invention of a Swiss named Blumen and is a mixture of certain coal-tar products and a metallic nitrate. It can not be exploded by concussion, but it has an energy equal to dynamite. Shells filled with Jovite have been fired through 14 inches of nickel steel armor without bursting until after coming out at the far side.

A RESIDENT of West Gouldsboro, Me., has in his possession a curious stone, the size of which is constantly increasing. It was found 100 years ago on the shore of a cove by the brother of the present owner, who carried it home because of its remarkable resemblance to a large egg. Afterward it was noticed that the stone had increased in size and in ten years it had doubled its weight. Originally the rock tipped the scales at about ten pounds, and now, at the end of 50 years, it weighs 60 pounds. Large sums have been offered for the curiosity.

ADM. CANARA is English on his mother's side, for his father, who was a marine captain, married a Miss Livermore, in Liverpool. He, like his comrade, Adm. Cervera, graduated from the naval academy at San Fernando, which he entered in the very year that the latter was leaving (1871). He saw service in the Morocco expedition, and did not gain his captaincy until 1871. In private life Adm. Canara is somewhat of a mollycoddle. He is an ancient monarchist, and was one of those who advocated the giving of the crown of Spain to Alfonso XII.

LAST winter Commodore Schley remarked to a company of gentlemen in New York, that if the time should come when we should have any difficulty with a foreign nation, involving naval operations, there would probably be some surprises in store in connection with the performances of our gunners. He stated that the practice of gunners in the United States navy, firing at targets, etc., was, he believed, more thorough and better than in any other navy in existence, and that the marksmanship of the gunners in the American navy was superior to that of any other.

# MILES IN PUERTO RICO.

The General with His Advance Guard Has Probably Arrived Off the Island.

LANDING DEPENDS ON CIRCUMSTANCES.

More Troops Are on the Way to Assist in the Invasion—Condition of Our Men in Santiago Improving—The Insurgents Will Obey the President's Instructions.

Washington, July 25.—It was said at the war department late Sunday that no news can be expected from any official source as to Gen. Miles' movements until to-day at the earliest. It is calculated that he arrived Sunday evening at the point on the coast of Puerto Rico selected as the rendezvous for all the vessels of the expedition. Whether or not he will undertake to make a landing in advance of the arrival of the whole expedition probably will depend entirely upon conditions as he finds them. Should there be no Spanish force, or at least an unconsiderable one, on the coast, the troops will be landed to relieve them from the disastrous effects of being confined closely on shipboard under a tropical sun. The general has with him sufficient artillery to hold any position he may choose to occupy, supplemented as this artillery will be by the guns of his naval convoy.

Troops on the Way.

Meanwhile the department is making every effort to hurry along the remainder of the expedition. Some troops are now on their way from Tampa and Charleston and should reach Puerto Rico by the middle of the week. Naval officials are assisting actively in getting the troops off and are sending the necessary orders to that end to the commanders of the naval auxiliary vessels which have been placed at the service of the war department. In the course of a day or two the troops brought from Chickamauga by Gen. Brooke will sail from Hampton Roads, where they have been arriving and are ready for the transport. There is a probability that Gen. Miles may be delayed for several days in his landing operations for lack of lighters, but several of these are now on their way and others will be hurried forward as rapidly as possible. However it may be as to his speedy landing on Puerto Rico soil, it will be well along towards the end of this week before the active land campaign can be begun in Puerto Rico.

The Santiago Troops.

Gen. Shafter reported by cable that the condition of the troops at Santiago was rapidly improving, and said he hoped in the course of a day or two to have them all landed in comfortable camps, where they may rest and recuperate and where the sick may recover. He is feeding 11,000 of the Spanish prisoners of war, and although he has not yet been able to furnish them tents yet this deficiency is being made good, and meanwhile their present condition is no worse in this respect than was their condition before the surrender.

Doubt is cast upon reports of recent exciting events among the Cubans at or near Santiago owing to the failure of Gen. Shafter to make any report upon them, and inasmuch as he has made less important subjects matter for dispatches it is hard to understand why he should fail to mention an event of such importance as the reported attack by Garcia upon Spanish troops on their way to surrender to Shafter. Probably a Forecaster.

Latest from Shafter.

The war department at midnight posted the following:

"Santiago, via Havat, July 25.—Adm. General of the army, Washington: Gen. Miles has returned from San Luis and Palma Soriano, where he went four days ago to receive the surrender of Spanish troops. The number surrendered was larger than Gen. Toral reported—2,000 Spanish troops and 250 volunteer guerrillas gave up their arms at San Luis and have gone to work. Three thousand stands of arms were turned in loaded on ex cars and started to the railroad. Spanish troops accompanied him to San Luis, and all were apparently greatly delighted at prospects of returning home. They were on the verge of starvation, and I have to send them rations. If the numbers keep up as they have, there will be about 25,000 to ship away—nearly 12,000 here, 1,000 from San Luis, 6,000 from Guantanamo, and over 2,000 at Sagua and Caracas."

"Major General Commanding."

All the surrendered troops are suffering from disease and starvation and Gen. Shafter has instructed the immediate forwarding of rations and relief. He has informed the Spanish officers that their families will be given transportation to Spain with food at the expense of the government and that the maintenance of the men is provided for by contract.

To Move on Havana.

An authoritative statement is made to the effect that Gen. Miles as commander-in-chief, aided by Gen. Shafter, Brooke, Lee and Graham, with a combined force of 150,000 men, are to take the field against Havana in the fall. Meanwhile Shafter's men will be recalled to the United States for recuperation, three regiments from Tampa going to Santiago to take their place, in company with the immunes now there.

Will they the President.

Jacksonville, Fla., July 25.—Lieut. Charles Frost, of the Cuban army of this city, who was a member of the Cuban expedition on the steamer Florida and who recently returned from

Cuba, states that the Florida expedition was met by Gen. Gomez, and that he had a personal talk with the general, in the course of which he said, when asked what message he had for the American people: "I have only to say that the only man that has anything to say in the direction of matters is Mr. McKinley, and we shall do whatever he says. I have given instructions to all my forces to cooperate with the Americans, to whom we are much indebted."

TRADE REVIEW.

Check in the Phenomenal Movement of Grain—Business Not Disturbed by War.

New York, July 25.—R. G. Dun & Co., in their weekly review of trade, say: "A state of war does not disturb business. But reaction after a phenomenal movement of grain causes relative loss, which many mistake for decrease in the volume of trade. So much grain has been required and shipped during the past 12 months that a decrease was inevitable, and granger and Pacific roads show a loss in earnings, even compared with 1902, though not much yet compared with last year."

"After the surrender at Santiago fairly a week of rest has preceded the sailing of the Puerto Rico force, but meanwhile the president's proclamation opening Santiago to trade on terms singularly favorable to inhabitants there, and the rush to build up business in western Cuba, are occupying the thoughts of many enterprising firms. Reduction of one-half in the tax heretofore paid, with honest instead of Spanish administration, brings home to Cuban residents the meaning of the change, and they also learn to use money of which a paper dollar is as good as gold, which is for them, a new feature."

"With statement of foreign needs and prospects of excellent crops in many foreign countries what has declined during the week three cents in price. Corn still goes abroad in astonishing quantity, all the circumstances considered, exports having been in three weeks \$27,47 bushels, against \$22,250 last year. The loss has not changed in spite of the decline in wheat."

CHEERED "OLD GLORY."

Captured Spaniards, as They Sail for Home, Do Honor to the Stars and Stripes.

New York, July 25.—Prisoners of war cheering the flag of their captors was the unusual sight witnessed at

the Union dock in Brooklyn Sunday. The sight was all the more significant as the cheers came from Spanish throats. The 251 prisoners captured on the four prize steamers now in port were about to sail for home under the British flag. They were on board the Hesperia, of the Anchor line, and just as the backed out of the dock one of the patrol gunboats came by. With one accord the prisoners raised three mighty cheers, which startled the people on the Brooklyn shore and could be heard on Governor's Island. It was the best they could do in thanking Uncle Sam for the kindness lavished on them while they were prisoners.

Outlets for the Troops.

St. Louis, July 25.—A St. Louis commission house Friday received a telegraph order from the assistant quartermaster general at Chickamauga for 15 car loads of potatoes to be shipped immediately to Tampa, and thence by transport to Santiago. The firm hired a number of extra drays, canvassed the city for potatoes and by night had the 15 cars loaded and ready for shipment.

Great Hay Crop.

Canajoharie, N. Y., July 25.—A call for the fifth annual meeting of the National Hay association, to be held at Buffalo, N. Y., August 9, has been issued. Reports received from the eastern, middle and western states show the tonnage of hay this year to be greater than any during the past ten years, and the conditions of the harvested crop above the average.

A Fatal Blow.

Randolph, Wis., July 25.—During a friendly bout with gloves Sunday Paul Seigman struck his brother Julius a blow in the side. The latter staggered and fell, dying almost instantly, whether from the blow or heart disease the coroner's jury was unable to determine. The dead man was 25 years old and leaves a wife and child.

Three Drowned.

Marshall, Ill., July 25.—John F. Taylor, George Wilson and El Stricker, all well-known citizens of Watoh township, have been drowned in the Watoh river eight miles southeast of this place while seining. John Davidson and Irvine Crumrine, of the same party, had a very narrow escape from death. All of them have families.

National Conference Called.

Chicago, July 25.—The Civic Federation of Chicago has issued a call for a national conference, to be held in Saratoga, N. Y., August 19 and 20, to discuss the future policy of the United States. The call is signed by over 1,000 representative men of every state in the union.

Iowa Savings Bank Fails.

Des Moines, Ia., July 25.—The German savings bank at Doon, Lyon county, failed Thursday. Its capital stock was \$15,000 and the total liabilities \$29,474.03, according to the report filed in June.

# THE SITUATION AT MANILA.

Admiral Dewey and Gen. Anderson Are Ready to Bombard the Philippine City.

FIRST REGIMENT ALREADY IN THE FIELD.

Second Detachment of American Forces Arrived in Excellent Condition—Spaniards Are Disheartened—Old Glory Hoisted on Wake Island—Anarchy Among the Rebels.

Manila, July 18, via Hong-Kong, July 22.—Unless the Spaniards surrender in the meantime, Rear Admiral Dewey will bombard the fortifications of Manila by the end of this week, provided the troops are ready to take possession immediately. The first regiment is already in the field at Paranaque, two miles from Manila. The Spaniards are reported to have been buoyed up by the hope that the Cadiz fleet, due here on the 10th, would arrive soon, but the news of the destruction of Admiral Cervera's squadron, brought yesterday by the Japanese cruiser Naniwa, may lead them to surrender. The insurgents are constantly harassing the Spaniards on both sides of the city, but they are checked by the big guns of the Malate and Santa Mesa forts. The second detachment of the American expeditionary force arrived in excellent condition, though four died on the voyage.

Spaniards Disheartened.

The Spaniards now say they do not believe the reinforcements promised them will ever reach here and they despair of success. But they condemn the proposal to retire to the citadel, which is utterly defenseless, as such a step will merely invite slaughter. Therefore, they believe it would be better to surrender, though fearing public censure. However, they will probably be compelled to surrender soon, as food is dangerously scarce. They may pretend to fight the Americans

for the sake of appearances, but the result will not be long in doubt if Admiral Dewey resolves to capture Manila with the forces he has at his disposal.

Hoisted Old Glory.

Hong-Kong, July 22.—Letters received here from Cavite, dated July 12, say that the American transports have hoisted the American flag on an island supposed to be Wake Island, which is in the Marshall group in Micronesia, comprising the Madack and Ralik chains.

Will Hold Them Down.

Washington, July 22.—There were several events of interest if not of importance at the war and navy departments Friday. Gen. Anderson at Cavite sent a message saying that Aguinaldo had declared a dictatorship and martial law over the Philippines, something that gave the cabinet food for consideration at their regular meeting. There was no disposition to force any issue with the insurgent chief at this time, but it is pretty well understood that he will not be allowed to commit the United States government in the future treatment of the Philippines question.

About to Attack Manila.

London, July 25.—A special dispatch from Madrid says that Gen. Augusti, captain general of the Philippines, has telegraphed to the government as follows: "The Americans are about to attack Manila. Grave events are impending."

Fate of Arctic Whalers.

Ottawa, Ont., July 25.—Rev. L. O. Stringer, an Anglican missionary, engaged among the Eskimos, writes to a friend here stating that the 11 whaling ships that left the Arctic for the west last fall only three managed to get out. The others were caught in the ice and had to be abandoned. Four men were lost in trying to reach the land.

A Heavy Shortage Alleged.

Milwaukee, July 25.—It is alleged that John Harvey Meyers, secretary of the Home Building and Loan association, of this city, is short in his accounts to the amount of \$20,000. The money is said to have been squandered in unfortunate real estate transactions. No action has yet been taken against Mr. Meyers.

Destructive Hailstorm.

Huron, S. D., July 25.—The most destructive hailstorm in the history of Deade county occurred Friday, cutting paths over a mile wide and 15 miles long, destroying 1,500 acres of wheat and small grain. Some farmers lose their entire crop. Many cattle were killed by lightning.

Assaulted by Firemen Soldiers.

San Francisco, July 25.—Private John Lynch, of company A, Thirtieth Minnesota volunteers, while intoxicated made an assault with his layonet on E. D. Eaton, an insurance man. He was arrested and charged with assault with a deadly weapon.

# WEEKLY WAR HISTORY.

Complete Record of Events Told in a Few Lines Covering All Important News.

TUESDAY, JULY 18.

A dispatch from Havana reported the bombardment of Manzanillo by American warships with serious results to the Spaniards.

It has been decided that none of the troops that participated in the actual fighting before Santiago shall be employed on the Puerto Rico expedition.

Commodore Schley and other officers entered and inspected the harbor of Santiago. The submarine mines were exploded and the American flag was raised over Morro castle.

President McKinley issued a proclamation declaring United States military power supreme in eastern Cuba, and declaring that the people and their property would be protected.

Admiral Dewey protested against the German admiral's disregard of the blockade of Manila and informed that individual that if Germany is at peace with the United States he must change his methods.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 20.

Gen. Shafter says that the roster of prisoners handed in by Gen. Toral gives a total of 2,250 men.

The auxiliary cruiser Eagle destroyed the large Spanish steamer Santo Domingo at Cavite.

Sylvester Scovel, the correspondent of a New York paper, slipped Gen. Shafter's face, and was sent to Siboney as a prisoner.

The Red Cross society is feeding the people of Santiago, where the situation is desperate, the supply of food in the city being exhausted.

The Western Union office at Santiago de Cuba has been reopened for business. All telegrams must be in plain language, subject to American censor.

Reports from Santiago are that strained relations exist between the Cubans and our troops owing to the refusal of our government to turn over the city to them.

THURSDAY, JULY 21.

It was stated with authority in Washington that no peace negotiations were under way.

The second expedition for the Philippines arrived in Manila on July 17. The American warships raised the American flag on July 8.

Members of the Cuban junta in Washington declare there is no doubt that Cubans will submit to the will of the United States government.

A semi-official note published at Madrid says Gen. Toral's surrender was not dictated by his government, but was made on his own responsibility.

The contract for sending home the Spanish prisoners of war who surrendered at Santiago has been awarded to the Spanish Trans-Atlantic company.

Gen. Parrella, the Spanish commander at Guantanamo, declined to be included in Toral's order of surrender. His force is loyal to that given up by the commander at Santiago.

FRIDAY, JULY 22.

Gen. Miles sailed for Puerto Rico with several thousand troops and a strong convoy of warships.

President McKinley issued a general order opening postal communication between the United States and Santiago.

The British steamer Newfoundland, with a rich cargo, was captured by the Mayflower while trying to enter the harbor of Cienfuegos.

It was authoritatively announced in Washington that the administration intends to hold Puerto Rico as a permanent possession.

Latest advices from Manila state that affairs in the Philippines are rapidly approaching a crisis and the city may be bombarded soon.

Madrid advices say there is no indication of peace proposals. The government continues inactive, while the people are demanding peace at any price.

It is reported by Secretary Long that the expedition to Spain has not been abandoned, but has been deferred until the Puerto Rico campaign permits the withdrawal of the ships.

Seven of our little gunboats entered the harbor at Manzanillo and destroyed the Spanish battleship, a medium cruiser and five gunboats. Not one of our vessels was injured.

Gen. Garcia has announced that he will no longer serve as an ally of the United States army owing to alleged mistreatment by Gen. Shafter. The Cuban general says he will fight independently.

SATURDAY, JULY 23.

Premier Sagasta admitted in Madrid that the preliminary steps had been taken towards obtaining peace.

Lieut. Hicok, hero of the Merimera episode, arrived in Washington to confer with the government regarding raising some of Cervera's ships.

Of the 27,000 men authorized by congress to be enlisted in the regular and volunteer armies 25,000 up to this time have been mustered into the service.

Capt. Gen. Blanco issued a proclamation announcing the capitulation of Santiago, but he says it is of little importance, and that the Spanish army is anxious to win glory.

Aguinaldo has proclaimed dictatorship over the Philippines, and has declared subordinate to the American authorities. Disbanding of American troops rapidly continues near Manila.

An authoritative statement from Washington says that Commodore Watson's mission is to find and destroy Camara's fleet, and that the attack upon Havana will await the end of the yellow fever season.

About to Attack Manila.

The plan of the Puerto Rico campaign involves landings at various points in the island, and it is expected that San Juan will be quickly surrounded. It is definitely asserted that Puerto Rico is to be permanently annexed to the United States.

Gen. Hicok, the military governor, is directing the administration of the affairs in Santiago, restoring order and encouraging trading. The president's proclamation creating a military government satisfies the residents. A government post office has been established and a big American flag has been placed over Morro.

SUNDAY, JULY 24.

A Spanish correspondent in Havana reports that the city's fortifications have been greatly strengthened.

Cubans have addressed a letter to President McKinley in which they ask that the conquered section of the island be turned over to their management.

Adm. Sampson's report on the naval battle at Santiago, which ended in the destruction of Cervera's fleet, has been received in Washington.

Gen. Miles and the advance detachment of the Puerto Rican army of invasion are supposed to have reached the point of disembarkation near Fajardo.

Emperor William of Germany has assured President McKinley of his friendship and says he has an intention to meet with American affairs in the Philippine Islands.

President McKinley has informed the European powers unofficially of his intentions regarding an invasion of Spain. The president hopes to end the war without such a move, but if Spain continues to fight there may be necessity for such action.

# NEW LAWS FOR SANTIAGO.

President McKinley Dictates Regulations for the Government of the Cuban City.

MARKS AN EPOCH IN AMERICAN HISTORY.

The Rights of All Who Recognize American Supremacy Guaranteed—Former Officials to Continue to Serve—Conquered Ports Thrown Open to Neutral Nations.

Washington, July 19.—A state paper that will be historic, marking an epoch in American history, was issued Monday by direction of President McKinley. It provides in general terms for the government of Santiago de Cuba and is the first document of the kind ever prepared by a president of the United States. By order of Secretary Alger, Adm. Gen. Corbin cabled the document to Gen. Shafter, in command of the military forces at Santiago. The President's Proclamation.

"Executive Mansion, Washington, July 19, 1898.—To the Secretary of War—Sir: The capitulation of the Spanish city of Santiago de Cuba to the eastern part of the province of Santiago and the occupation of the territory by the forces of the United States render it necessary to instruct the military commander of the United States as to the conduct which he is to observe during the military occupation.

Purpose of the Government.

"The first effect of the military occupation of the enemy's territory is the severance of former political relations of the inhabitants and the establishment of a new political power. Under this changed condition of things the inhabitants, so long as they remain in the territory, are to be secured in their persons and property and in all their private rights and relations. It is my desire that the inhabitants of Cuba should be acquainted with the purpose of the United States to discharge to the fullest extent its obligations in this respect. It will therefore be the duty of the commander of the army of occupation to announce and proclaim in the most public manner that we come not to make war upon the inhabitants of Cuba, nor upon any party or faction among them, but to protect them in their homes, their industries and in their persons and property, and to secure the peace and safety of all persons who, either by active aid or by honest submission, cooperate with the United States in its efforts to give effect to this beneficent purpose will receive the reward of its support and protection. Our occupation should be as free from severity as possible.

Enforcing Laws Continued.

"Though the powers of the military occupant are absolute and supreme, and immediately operate upon the political condition of the inhabitants, the municipal laws of the conquered territory, such as affect private rights of persons and property, and provide for the punishment of crime, are to continue in force, so far as they are compatible with the new order of things, until they are suspended or superseded by the occupying authorities; and in practice they are not usually abrogated, but are allowed to remain in force, so far as they are compatible with the ordinary tribunals, substantially as they were before the occupation. This enlightened practice is, so far as possible, to be adhered to on the present occasion. The judges and other officials connected with the administration of justice may, if they are found to be competent and trustworthy, continue to administer the ordinary law of the land, as between man and man, under the supervision of the American commander in chief. The native constabulary with so far as may be practicable, be preserved. The freedom of the people to pursue their occupations and other lawful pursuits should be maintained, and should be strictly only when it may be necessary to do so.

Commander Given High Powers.

"While the rule of conduct of the American commander in chief will be such as has just been defined, it will be his duty to adopt measures of a different kind, if, unfortunately, the course of the people should render it necessary to resort to the maintenance of law and order. He will then possess the power to replace or expel the native officials in part or altogether, to substitute new officers of his own constitution for those that now exist, or to create such new officers as may be necessary, and to exercise these high powers in the exercise of these high powers, the commander must be guided by his judgment and his experience, and a high sense of justice.

"One of the most important and most practical problems with which it will be necessary to deal is that of the treatment of property and the collection and administration of revenues. It is conceded that all public funds and securities belonging to the government of the country in its own right, and all sums and supplies and other movable property of such government, may be seized by the military occupant and converted to his own use. The real property of the state he may hold and administer, at the same time enjoying the revenues thereof, but he is not to destroy it, save in the case of military necessity.

Must Be No Wanton Destruction.

"All churches and buildings devoted to religious worship, to the arts and sciences, to education, and all such as are possible, to be protected, and all destruction or intentional destruction of such places, of historical monuments or archives, or of works of science or art is prohibited, save when required by urgent military necessity.

"Private property taken for the use of the army is to be paid for when possible in cash at a fair valuation, and when payment in cash is not possible receipts are to be given.

"All ports and places in Cuba which may be in the actual possession of our land and naval forces will be opened to the commerce of all neutral nations, as well as our own, in articles not contraband of war, upon payment of the prescribed rates of duty which may be in force at the time of the importation.

"WILLIAM McKINLEY.

"By Order of the Secretary of War: 'H. C. CORBIN, Adjutant General'.

San Francisco Harbor Mines.

San Francisco, July 23.—No action has yet been taken by Maj. Heuer, of the engineer corps, in charge of the San Francisco harbor mines, in regard to removing the explosives that have been placed in the bay under his supervision. "I have received no instruction in regard to removing the mines," said Maj. Heuer, "and therefore I shall proceed to finish the work which I was ordered to do."

Quarrel Ends in Murder.

Clarinda, Ia., July 23.—Dave Middlees shot Adolph Adams during a drunken quarrel at Newmarket, Ia., and Adams died four hours afterward. The deceased was a miser and Middlees is also. The latter was arrested.

License Revoked.

Springfield, Ill., July 23.—The superintendent of insurance Saturday morning revoked the license of the Equitable Accident association, Boston, Mass., for refusal to furnish sworn statement of business.

WISCONSIN STATE NEWS.

**Fire at La Crosse.**  
Fire that started in the sixth and fourth floors of the Segelke-Kohlhaus company in La Crosse caused a loss of \$150,000. The fire was located in the middle of the lumber district and several blocks of lumber were burned. The Segelke-Kohlhaus company are the largest lumberers, their plant, valued at \$700,000, with its contents, being totally destroyed. The John Paul Lumber company loss is estimated at \$200,000. Other losers were James Vincent, lumber dealer; C. L. Colman, lumber, and several others.

**The State Officers.**  
At the annual meeting in Waupun of the State Firemen's association, Whitewater won the state championship in the hose contest and Plymouth the hook and ladder contest. It was decided to hold the tournament next year at Columbus. Officers for the ensuing year were chosen as follows:  
President, E. W. Harvey, Beaver Dam; first vice president, H. J. Groll, Johnson Creek; second vice president, P. Barber, Mauston; secretary, O. P. Rooster, Jefferson; treasurer, S. H. Brown, Oconomowoc; corresponding secretary, A. N. Belack, Columbia.

**The Catholic Knights.**  
The state convention in Fond du Lac of the Catholic Knights elected officers as follows:  
State spiritual director, Most Rev. F. X. Kautzer, archbishop of Milwaukee; president, J. H. M. Wilson, Green Bay; state vice president, J. L. Snyder, Waubesa; secretary, John M. Callahan, Neenah; state treasurer, C. F. S. Hintz, Milwaukee; state medical examiner, Dr. J. S. O'Brien, Milwaukee; state directors, Rev. M. J. Ward, Beloit; Charles E. Miller, La Crosse; John J. Sherman, Appleton; M. L. Snyder, Waubesa.

**Victims of a Storm.**  
A hurricane at Brookfield entirely demolished one home, seriously injuring several people, as follows: Michael Mulvihill, ribs broken, cut on head; Edith Becker, face cut; Mrs. Weaver and two children, badly bruised; Katie Pfisterer, feet hurt. Several houses were badly wrecked and streets were rendered impassable on account of fallen trees, scattered lumber and broken wires.

**Struck by Lightning.**  
During a violent storm which passed over Kenosha county the large summer hotel at Twin Lakes was set on fire by lightning and a panic ensued among the guests, but none was seriously injured. The storm caused great damage to all standing crops throughout the county.

**The News Condensed.**  
Pat O'Connell, at one time worth \$200,000, now a wreck beyond redemption, was sent to the workhouse in Oshkosh.

Private George A. Kayler, company C, First Wisconsin, died at the hospital in Jacksonville, Fla., of typhoid fever. He lived in Janesville and the body was sent there.

The contract for the state printing for the year 1919 has been awarded to the Madison Democrat Printing company.

The rice crop, of which an unusually large acreage was planted in Sauk county, is almost a total failure because of blight. Many fields will not be harvested.

The Wisconsin board of medical examiners met in Madison and certificates of license were issued. Dr. Samuel Bell, of Beloit, was elected president.

Jared Mathews, of Merrill, was murdered and robbed by highwaymen at Wilmington, Del.

While gathering water lilies in Bass lake Anna Burns, aged 12, daughter of J. W. Burns, of Rhinelander, fell into the water and was drowned.

Alfred John Berg died in Eau Claire, aged 46 years. He leaves a wife and ten children.

The thirtieth annual reunion of the Waupaca County Veterans' association was held in New London.

The Surge Wagon company, manufacturers of carriages and wagons at Marinette, made a voluntary assignment.

William Marceur, aged 22, a brakeman, was crushed to death at Oconto while coupling cars. It was his third week as a railroad man, he having come off a farm near Clintonville, where he leaves a young wife.

Fire destroyed three residences, the McCulloch cranberry warehouse and seven barns in Stevens Point. Total loss, \$85,000.

Irving Ormitt, 16 years old, living four miles north of Milton, was killed by the running away of his team.

Prince, the largest elephant of the Wallace show, died of lockjaw at Wausau, Wis. This is the same animal that recently killed his keeper at Racine.

The City brewery at Hudson, owned by J. A. Casanova, was destroyed by fire. Loss, \$41,000.

Five prisoners escaped from the county jail at Black River Falls by digging a hole through the brick wall.

While hunting in Lake Superior near Oatka beach Dean Palmer and Ned Brown, of West Superior, were drowned.

Isaac Bradley's two-year-old daughter got lost in a grain field on her father's farm near Sun Prairie and her head was cut off by a reaper.

Carl Lundke, charged with the murder of Edward Webster, was bound over to the circuit court in Neillsville for trial.

William Farley, of company C, First Wisconsin volunteers, died at Jacksonville, Fla. He was a son of Lawrence Farley, of Eagle.

The school census in La Crosse shows a gain of 97 names over last year. The total is 19,247.

George Knowles, until recently superintendent of the Berlin and Manitowish granite quarry in Berlin, dropped dead of apoplexy while mowing his lawn.

MINOR NEWS ITEMS.

**For the Week Ending July 23.**  
The town of New Holland, O., was nearly wiped out by fire.

The Commercial state bank in Marshfield, Wis., closed its doors.

A hailstorm near Casselton, N. D., destroyed 25,000 acres of grain.

A tornado at Minot, N. D., destroyed 17 buildings and injured a number of people.

As a result of excessive taxation the Northern bank of Lexington, Ky., has gone out of business.

The Second district republicans in Michigan nominated Henry C. Smith, of Adrian, for congress.

The dead bodies of six infants, each wrapped in paper, were found in a vacant lot in Roxbury, Mass.

Joseph A. Roy, of Quincy, was nominated for congress by the democrats of the Fifteenth Illinois district.

Nat White and James Varblough, rival suitors for a young woman near El Reno, O. T., killed each other.

The ear barn of the Consolidated Traction company in Pittsburgh, Pa., was burned, the loss being \$155,000.

The Beach hotel, a well-known summer and winter resort, was burned at Galveston, Tex., the loss being \$200,000.

During a friendly bout with gloves at Randolph, Wis., Paul Seigman struck his brother Julius a blow that killed him.

The president has appointed Ferdinand W. Peck, of Chicago, commissioner of the United States to the Paris exposition.

Henry Beine, a farmer shot and killed his wife at Thurman, Col., and then killed himself. Domestic trouble was the cause.

Two distinct earthquake shocks passed over east Tennessee, southwest Virginia and eastern Kentucky. No damage resulted.

While bathing in the river at Morton, Minn., Barbara and Rachel Galle, Martha Lorenz and Alvina Reis—all under 20—were drowned.

The North Dakota republicans met in Fargo and nominated Fred B. Fancher, of Stutsman, for governor, and R. F. Spaulding, of Cass, for congressman.

Crazed by Christian science teachings, Mrs. William Jones, a young married woman living near Chillicothe, Mo., killed her six-months-old babe and cut her own throat.

At the national butchers' contest in Indianapolis, Ind., Charles Gardner broke the world's record for dressing sheep, killing and dressing ten in 22 minutes and 30 seconds.

THE NATIONAL GAME.

Standing of the Various Clubs in the Leading Baseball Organizations Up to To-Day.

| League          | Club          | Won | Lost | Per cent. |
|-----------------|---------------|-----|------|-----------|
| National League | Cleveland     | 21  | 10   | .677      |
|                 | Boston        | 20  | 11   | .646      |
|                 | Cincinnati    | 19  | 12   | .613      |
|                 | Pittsburgh    | 18  | 13   | .577      |
|                 | St. Louis     | 17  | 14   | .550      |
|                 | Philadelphia  | 16  | 15   | .515      |
|                 | Chicago       | 15  | 16   | .482      |
|                 | Washington    | 14  | 17   | .448      |
|                 | Brooklyn      | 13  | 18   | .419      |
|                 | San Francisco | 12  | 19   | .385      |
| American League | St. Louis     | 20  | 11   | .646      |
|                 | Cleveland     | 19  | 12   | .613      |
|                 | Pittsburgh    | 18  | 13   | .577      |
|                 | Philadelphia  | 17  | 14   | .550      |
|                 | Washington    | 16  | 15   | .515      |
|                 | Chicago       | 15  | 16   | .482      |
|                 | San Francisco | 14  | 17   | .448      |
|                 | Brooklyn      | 13  | 18   | .419      |
|                 | Boston        | 12  | 19   | .385      |
|                 | New York      | 11  | 20   | .352      |

**A Big Order.**  
Cleveland, O., July 22.—The Walker Manufacturing company, of this city, has received one of the largest single orders ever looked by that firm. The order came from Paris, and was for the equipment for 500 electric street cars. This includes 1,000 motors, 1,000 controllers, 500 trolleys and other details. The order will amount in value to over \$200,000.

**Trial Trip of the Farragut.**  
San Francisco, July 22.—The torpedo destroyer Farragut will be given her war official trial trip next week. The exact date of the trial has not yet been decided upon. Ship masters will be requested to make the little craft make 20 knots of speed.

THE MARKETS.

| New York, July 22      |         |
|------------------------|---------|
| LIVE STOCK—STEERS      | \$10.00 |
| Sheep                  | 12.00   |
| FLOUR—Minnesota        | 1.00    |
| Wheat—No. 1            | 1.00    |
| CORN—No. 1             | .75     |
| OATS—No. 1             | .40     |
| BUTTER—Creamery        | 1.00    |
| EGGS                   | .15     |
| CHICAGO                |         |
| CATTLE—Shipping Steers | 11.00   |
| Hogs                   | 10.00   |
| Pork                   | 12.00   |
| Wheat—No. 1            | 1.00    |
| CORN—No. 1             | .75     |
| OATS—No. 1             | .40     |
| BUTTER—Creamery        | 1.00    |
| EGGS                   | .15     |
| ST. LOUIS              |         |
| CATTLE—Native Steers   | 11.00   |
| Hogs                   | 10.00   |
| Pork                   | 12.00   |
| Wheat—No. 1            | 1.00    |
| CORN—No. 1             | .75     |
| OATS—No. 1             | .40     |
| BUTTER—Creamery        | 1.00    |
| EGGS                   | .15     |

LONG DISTANCE STEAMING.

Our Modern Warships Have Demonstrated That They Are Good Ocean Travelers.

The recent performances of the United States battleship Oregon and the gunboat Marietta in steaming from high up along the North American coast around Cape Horn to the West Indies have very properly challenged the admiration of the whole world, says Cassier's Magazine. Until quite recently much more had been heard of the failings of warships than of their good points, and one was almost tempted to believe that the average modern naval vessel was so delicately constructed and so complex a piece of machinery as to be scarcely fitted to withstand in due measure the rough usages of war or the knocking about of a protracted sea voyage.

A CANADIAN'S QUEER CRAFT.

He Says the Government Could Carry 20,000 Troops on It to the Cuban Coast.

Representative Kerr, of Ohio, has introduced at the navy department Mr. F. A. Knapp, of Ottawa, an inventor of the roller boat, whose fame for his ingenious and apparently practical method of navigating the water is not confined to the Dominion of Canada. Mr. Knapp has come to Washington to ask the government to send a naval expert to Canada and inspect the large roller boat which he is now operating successfully in Toronto harbor. Mr. Knapp claims that he can build a roller boat 200 feet high in three months, which would be capable of carrying 20,000 men, and asserts that it would be much faster than the ships that now

T. ESTRADA PALMA.



As head of the Cuban junta, or council, in the United States, this man has done more than all the other patriots combined to arouse sympathy for the Cuban republic. His headquarters are located in New York, although he spends much of his time in Washington. Should the president conclude to recognize the present Cuban government, Mr. Palma would, no doubt, be received as its first minister. He is something over 60 years of age.

under the pressure of high speed and with all kinds of weather. When several years ago the United States cruiser Columbia crossed over from Southampton to Sandy Hook, at the entrance to New York harbor, in a little less than seven days, racing successfully against one of the crack ocean liners, her performance stood unparalleled in naval history. It bordered, in fact, on what had long been considered impossible. What the Oregon and the Marietta have done, however, is a worthy counterpart of that earlier magnificent performance, and admirably demonstrates what may be accomplished by good engineering, even when subject to the exacting conditions of naval restrictions.

All visited the Panamburkers. A Paris paper tells this characteristic incident that happened in Paris in the '60s: Said Pasha, who was on a visit to the capital, wanted a dozen and a half of snuff boxes to distribute among as many people whom he desired to honor. He applied to the members of a celebrated firm, who undertook to provide him with the required number at the rate of 400 francs each. "We have only a half dozen ready, your highness, but the moment you have disposed of these we shall deliver another half dozen." And they did. They failed, however, to complete the third half dozen. They could only furnish five. And the reason? Because one of the recipients among the second half dozen had gone out of town before the jewellers could get at him.

SPANISH CONVICTS WORKING AS MULES.



When men may be had for nothing, the Spaniards do not intend to pay out good money for beasts of burden. At Ceuta, their African possession, the prisoners are used in place of mules. They are broken into harness and are used to drag loads of dirt, bricks and all the materials for repairing the roads and the fortifications about their place. Instead of persuading their drivers to use the lash with a vigor of which only a Spaniard is capable.

lighted to honor. He applied to the members of a celebrated firm, who undertook to provide him with the required number at the rate of 400 francs each. "We have only a half dozen ready, your highness, but the moment you have disposed of these we shall deliver another half dozen." And they did. They failed, however, to complete the third half dozen. They could only furnish five. And the reason? Because one of the recipients among the second half dozen had gone out of town before the jewellers could get at him.

**A Fool's Gaiter.**  
Shelley's gaiter, presented to Mrs. Williams with his poem, "To a Lady, with a Gaiter," has been given to the Bodleian library at Oxford by an American admirer of Shelley, who brought it from the Williams family for the purpose.

SCIENCE AND INDUSTRY.

Perdumas are affected by variations of density of the air, as well as by changing temperature.

New Zealand has 23 establishments for freezing meat for European markets. They can handle 4,000,000 sheep a year.

Wooden pavements in Paris have been condemned, as they serve as a breeding place for all kinds of dangerous germs.

Four hundred years ago only seven metals were known. Now there are 31—20 of which have been discovered within the present century.

Microscopic diamonds have been found in worn steel rails of the North-eastern Railway company in England that were being experimented upon to find out how much strength the steel had lost.

It is stated on German authority that the astounding number of 2,000,000 glass eyes are made every year in Germany and Switzerland, while one French house manufactures 500,000 of them annually.

It is reported by Ambassador Hitchcock from St. Petersburg that the Russian government has made a contract with an American firm of between \$2,000,000 and \$3,000,000 for the equipment of the rolling stock of its railways with air brakes.

Electrical industry reports that an immense gold field has been discovered in the virgin forests of the Gorgony Snow mountains—a favorite hunting ground of the late Crown Prince Rudolf of Austria. Rich veins of gold are found 20 to 40 feet below the surface.

Sound is a vibration of the air, some other gas, or of a liquid or solid, set up by the vibration of some sounding body. Sound is not transmitted by a vacuum, but light is. The number of vibrations which occur with the shrillest of audible sounds is 20,000 or 30,000; with the deepest tones, only about 24 to 26.

The new island which has risen near the northwest of Borneo, opposite Labuan, is about 200 yards long and 150 yards wide, and of clayey earth and rock. Its formation is supposed to be connected with the earthquake felt at Hualat, British North Borneo, in last September.

The Russian sugar industry is assuming large proportions. During the last season 215 works were in operation, as against 227 in 1906. The government encourages this industry to a large extent. The Russian beet sugar is of a good quality, and is now largely exported, especially to Finland and Asiatic countries.

A WET COUNTRY.

The Difficulties of Railway Travel in Ceylon—A Train's Narrow Escape.

The railroad which, with its branches, connects Colombo, the capital of Ceylon, with the interior of the island, is remarkable for the engineering skill shown in its construction, and for its prosperity. It makes an ascent of 3,500 feet by a succession of loops and curves, with here and there a tunnel. The chief difficulty in running the railroad is due to the way in which the rain comes down. A recent book of travel, "A Run Round the Empire," describes what the rain did to a train crawling up the mountainside.

On December 27, 1896, 11 1/2 inches of rain fell in 24 hours. The engineer of a train saw that beyond a certain tunnel the line was washed away. He stopped the train, and the passengers got out. One of them, seeing stones rolling down the mountainside above them, advised the engineer to push for the tunnel.

Just as the train entered the tunnel, down came a huge mass of rock, which carried away the embankment, as well as the last car of the train—a goods van, fortunately. Close behind the tunnel the ends of the rail were hanging free over a precipice, and a similar condition existed not far ahead.

A passenger came down from a planter's bungalow above the tunnel to say that water was accumulating in the cutting in front, and that if it broke through the debris which served as a dam, it would wash the train out of the tunnel. The passengers hastened to leave the cars, and in walking through the water in the cutting found it up to their breasts.—Youth's Companion.

CAUTIOUS PRAISE.

In Which There Was a World of Encouragement and an Apology for a Scotchman.

Mr. Orchardson, the famous English artist, has lately given the public an insight into his experiences with golf—that mysterious game, so fascinating to the initiated, of which the charm is so incomprehensible to the outsider.

It is but recently that Mr. Orchardson, who is past middle life, although in the prime of healthful vigor, has transferred his affections from hunting and tennis, his former favorite sports, to the national game of his country—for he is a Scotchman. He played his first game of golf at St. Andrews.

"I remember," he says, "I had the queerest, most solemn looking callie imaginable. I made a fearful mess of it at first, and the little chap looked on without a word. At last, when I had finished the round, he looked up at me in the funniest way, and simply said: 'It's no use playin' golf unless ye learn it as a trade!'"

"But I must tell you that the next day I had this same callie, and I got on much better. I was almost annoyed with him, for not praising me, for he was as silent as the day before. But when we finished, he turned to me and said, as if resuming our last conversation: 'Awel, A' dinnat ken!'"

Being a Scot himself, the artist was therefore satisfied with what he doubtless interpreted as a handsome apology and hearty encouragement.—Youth's Companion.

HUNTING WITH HAWKS.

The Old-Time Sport of Falconry Has Been Revived in the East.

What strange fascination men can find in the old sport of falconry, that cruel swoop of a fierce monarch of the air on the track of a bird whose only safety lies in flight, is a mystery to those whose knowledge of the pastime is limited to what they have read about it in old books. Sportsmen who have taken to this method of capturing game birds declare that this is the essence of exciting sport. They argue that the man who goes shooting with a modern breech-loader may kill more birds, but he has only the satisfaction of knowing that he has trained himself to be expert in the killing process, while the falconer has educated one of the wildest and most unlikely creatures in existence to obey his will and kill as he directs. Besides, say the falconers, what is the shooting of a bird on the wing compared with the exciting spectacle of a falcon swooping with lightning-like swiftness on a partridge that is speeding for all its wings are worth to get away.

Whatever its opponents may say, certain it is that the sport of falconry, the noble old sport that has been sung about by ancient poets and pictured on numberless canvases by famous painters, is becoming a fashionable country pastime, whose followers are as enthusiastic over their favorite amusement as ever was a golf crank or yachting fiend. It is essentially a cruel sport, but no sport that has for its ultimate object the killing of a bird or animal can be considered humane, and the death of a quarry by the talons of a hawk is probably as painless an end as being killed by a rifle shot.

A party of falconers will start from the country house at which the meet takes place with half a dozen or more hawks, carried on the edge, a wooden frame, on which they are transported to the field. The birds are hooded. The hoods are of silver, and the tuft enables the owner to readily single out his bird from others. When the moment for action comes the falcon is taken from the edge and carried on the hinged band of the falconer, ready to be freed at any instant for the flight after the game. When the cooey is reached the falcon is released of its swivel, hood and leash and released. She will dart up in the air and wait there until the quarry is sighted, circling round and round the spot where she has been released. When it is seen that the falcon is ready, a rush is made by the falconers and the dogs that accompany the party to the spot where the cooey of partridges has been located.

Uprise the frightened bird, and, seeing their enemy, the falcon, waiting to seize them above, while unknown dangers confront them below, the birds, wing their way forward, bent on escaping. It must be a fast-flying partridge that can outstrip the falcon in a race. The old and crafty birds of the cooey know this well, and their tactics are to lead for the densest bushes and seek safety in concealment. The falcon, with a similarly active instinct, singles out a young bird that has sense enough only to fly blindly on in hope of its wing saving it from the falcon's foot. It is usually a short race. With a swoop that the falconer who is an enthusiast watches and admires, as the angler does the expert's cast of a line, or the yachtsman the swift sweep of a boat in a race, the hawk is down on the partridge, picking it up with her foot, and carrying it off to a place of safety where it can gorge at ease on the prize. Sometimes, as a reward for clever work, the falcon is allowed to continue its meal, but if other work is required of it the dead bird is added to the bag of the party and the hunt is resumed.

When the next cooey is reached another bird is allowed to show his prowess. Rarely will a bird kill more than one bird out of a cooey, a point that the falconers use in answering their critics who assert that the sport is a cruel one. For say the falconers: "We get a great deal more sport than the man who shoots birds, with less killing than he considers necessary to a successful day." But occasionally a bird will kill two partridges from the same cooey. This was a feat accomplished by Black Lady recently, when, after killing one bird, she was after another like a dash. The second one she was eating when the falconers came upon her. The first was caught by the dogs, the blow of Black Lady having broken one of its wings.

A good day's sport with trained birds will result in the bagging of a dozen partridges, not much of a result from a hunter's point of view, but still a far more comfortable proportion.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Geography 150 Years Ago.

Among the interesting old books and papers belonging to the late Edward W. Wells, of this city, was a map of California, which was a map of the state of general information in the world a century and a half ago. America is "the last quarter of the world," and the "north part of the continent is very little known."

The map of North America gives all the region northwest of California as "parts unknown." The great lakes are shown as Superior, Illinois, Huron, Erie and Pontcharre. "N. England" is all a little patch reaching up to the St. Lawrence. The "Ohio" river is the name of the Ohio. The chief town of New Jersey is said to be Elizabeth Town. The climate is thus explained: "In the north are vast unknown mountains, perpetually covered with snow, from whence the wind blowing the greatest part of the year these countries have much colder than those in Europe in the same latitude." It is interesting to note that this work, that is more than a century and a half old, should advocate quite vigorously the construction of canals across the Panama and Suez isthmuses.—Portland Courier.

# THE NEW NORTH.

W. C. OGDEN, Editor.

## Republican County Convention.

Notice is hereby given that a convention of Republican delegates, representing the various wards and towns of Oneida County, will be held in the Court House in the city of Rhinelander, at 8 o'clock p.m. on Friday, July 20th, 1898. The convention is called for the purpose of electing delegates to the State, Congressional and Assembly conventions, and to transact such other business as may properly come before it. The various wards and towns will be entitled to the following number of delegates in the county convention: Rhinelander, 1st ward—3; 2nd ward—3; 3rd ward—3; 4th ward—2; 5th ward—3; 6th ward—2. Hazelhurst 7; Pelican 3; Woodboro 1; Gagen 3; Schoepke 1; one for every 50 or major fraction thereof of Republican votes cast at the last general election.

Caucuses to elect delegates to the county convention will be held in the towns and wards Wednesday, July 27. By order of the County Com. G. W. Lister, Chairman.

## Assembly District Convention.

Notice is hereby given that a Republican Convention will be held in Minocqua, Vilas county, on Saturday, July 30, 1898, at three o'clock in the afternoon for the purpose of placing in nomination a candidate for the Assembly to represent the district composed of Oneida, Vilas and Price counties. In such convention they will be entitled to one delegate for each one hundred and fifty Republican votes cast for Governor at the last general election. By order of Assembly District Committee.

G. M. CHAMBERLAIN, Chairman.

## Republican Congressional Convention.

A Republican convention for the Ninth Congressional District will be held at the Court House in the city of Wausau, Marathon Co., Wis., on Tuesday, the 10th day of August, 1898, at 2 o'clock p.m., for the purpose of placing in nomination a candidate for Congress to succeed the Hon. Alexander Stewart, to be voted for at the coming congressional election, and to transact such other business as may be properly brought before the convention.

The basis of representation in said convention will be one delegate for each 500 votes, or major fraction thereof, cast for Wm. McKinley at the last presidential election. On this basis the several counties in said district will be entitled to representation as follows:

Ashland.....5  
Florence.....1  
Iron.....3  
Lincoln.....3  
Marquette.....2  
Oneida.....3  
Shawano.....2  
Vilas.....2

A. W. TREVITT, Chairman of Cong. Com.

Postal communication has been reopened with Santiago. But only Uncle Sam's stamps go.

California has two Populist candidates without whiskers. Deary has surely entered the Populist ranks.

An exchange suggests that the Maria Teresa be rechristened "Hobson's choice." A very appropriate name.

Beyond the fact that he has "done no harm" has any of Stewart's supporters any reason to offer why he should be favored with a third term nomination?

The 60,000 pounds of soap that Admiral Dewey asks for looks as if he intends to go right along with the house-cleaning. It will strike a deadly blow to the Spanish heart.

The Spanish warship Christobal Colon, which was sunk by the fleet under Admiral Sampson, has been examined by chief Naval Constructor Hobson who declares that it can be raised.

Hon. A. G. Nelson of Waupaca, is a candidate for the office of State Treasurer. Mr. Nelson is a respected citizen of Waupaca, and a man of good business ability. James B. Jensen of Pierce county, is also mentioned as a candidate for this office, and is well spoken of by his home paper.

It is estimated that the wheat yielded out this year will be the largest in the country's history. In 1892 there were 611,000,000 bushels, which was 100,000,000 more than was ever raised in any year before or since. The yield for 1893 in the United States is placed at from 625,000,000 to 690,000,000 bushels. The corn crop, it is expected, will also be a large one and will exceed that of last year, which amounted to 2,281,000,000 bushels. This means good times for everybody for when the farmer prospers it affects all.

"What is the use of trying to help Miller? He don't stand a ghost of a show." Of course not! Price county, the first to hold its county convention, sends a solid delegation for Mr. Miller, and there are more to follow.

The sort of representative in Washington the Ninth district want, is a man who while there will amount to something and accomplish something for the locality he represents. The two men who are seeking the nomination on the republican ticket are not to be compared. Mr. Stewart has had two terms in congress, and what has he accomplished? Nothing! For all practical purposes the Ninth District might as well just simply pass and elect no one to represent them.

Mr. Miller is a man whom the voters of the Ninth District might be proud to send to Washington as their representative. He is one of the leading lawyers, and is a man of ability and integrity. He goes into the contest on his merits, and he should go into the congressional convention with the solid vote of Oneida county.

R. M. La Follette, who has announced himself as a candidate for the Republican nomination for governor in opposition to Gov. Scofield, has done so under entirely different circumstances than existed two years ago. Then Gov. Upham had announced that he would not be a candidate for re-election, and therefore it was a free-for-all. Now Gov. Scofield is a candidate for re-election, and he has to his credit a most excellent administration. Added to this he is backed by the unwritten law of his party in this state that when an official has proven himself capable and honest, he shall have the honor of a second nomination. This honor Gov. Scofield has unquestionably won. No one is infallible, and he may have made mistakes, but on the whole the state has never had a better administration than he has given it. A few malcontents have been barking at his heels ever since he was elected. There are always people who are trying to build themselves up by pulling others down. But the fact remains that the administration of Gov. Scofield has been clean, economical and honorable, and he is certainly entitled to another term.—Stevens Point Journal.

## Other Candidates.

Among those mentioned as possible candidates for congress on the republican ticket in this district are S. S. Miller of Rhinelander, M. J. Wallrich and Robert Jackson of this city. Rather a strong force to put against our friend Stewart, because they are all good men and in every way competent to represent this district in congress.—Shawano Dispatch.

## "Making the Circuit."

Hon. Alexander Stewart of Wausau, congressman from this district, has returned from Washington and is now covering the territory comprising the Ninth district, fixing up a fence here, shutting a gate there, and making the boys feel good.—Shawano Dispatch.

We haven't seen Mr. Stewart in Rhinelander since his arrival from Washington, but evidences of his return were plainly visible in the town of Pelican very early in the week.

## Sufficiently Striking.

The detailed analysis of Great Britain's over-sea trade for 1897 is given in the latest issue of the Blue Book. There is a marked increase in imports, the total for the year being \$2,255,144,860, and a heavy decrease in exports, the latter aggregating \$1,171,093,510. This leaves a debit trade balance of \$1,084,046,260, while the credit trade balance of the United States for the fiscal year ended June 30 is in round numbers \$600,000,000. Compared with Free-Trade England Protected America has the better of the argument to the extent of over \$1,000,000,000.

Some deductions from this mighty sum must be made on account of charges for carrying American goods in foreign ships, interest and dividends on American securities held abroad, money spent in Europe by American tourists, and some minor items besides; but even after making all these allowances the contrast between the workings of the two fiscal and economic policies is sufficiently striking.—American Economist.

"He can't get elected to congress. He ain't got money enough." That is what Alex. Stewart's two or three Rhinelander representatives are trying to make our laboring men believe in the case with Hon. S. S. Miller. Granted that he is a "poor man," but we will wager that that sort of hog rot won't wash down with the intelligent class of voters, who know enough to realize that a man don't need to possess a barrel of money in order to make a good record in congress. Mr. Miller has the brain, and that counts more in congress than money.

## Due to the American System.

Our tremendous advantage over Spain in this war was first seen in the superiority of our resources. When Uncle Sam wanted to prepare himself for war he had only to put his hand into his inside pocket and pull out \$50,000,000 to use for that purpose. What other nation could duplicate that? We couldn't have done it ourselves in the days of Cleveland and "Tariff Reform."

The abundance of our resources we owe to the Protective system, which has been the policy of this country from the beginning, with the exception of certain short intervals when the country was wanted to "experiment." And so our first advantage over Spain is due to the American system of Protection.

But we owe to Protection a greater debt than that for the triumphs of the present war. As we have more than once pointed out in these columns a Protective Tariff does not cheapen products by cheapening men, as does a revenue Tariff; but a Protective Tariff cheapens products by elevating men, by enabling them to earn wages which secure to them the comforts and even the luxuries of life, so that they are able to employ their highest capabilities in their work. It enables them to educate their children and thus to fit them for the highest positions.

The stimulation of inventive power is a direct result of this elevation of men through the medium of high wages. It is to this stimulation of the inventive power, to the skill and capability which have come through the elevation of men that we owe our marvelous industrial development. It is to them that we owe the triumphs of the present war. Over and over again, on every side, at home and abroad, we hear it said that the reason why the American navy so completely outclassed the Spanish navy was that the Americans have skill, intelligence, inventive power; because the men behind the guns are of a high order of intelligence. That all this is true is due to the American industrial system, which elevates men, which develops their intelligence and extends their capabilities.—American Economist.

## The German Feeling.

The following expression of opinion on the gubernatorial nomination is taken from the Milwaukee Herald one of the leading German Republican papers in the state, and will carry considerable weight with voters:

The Herald feels called upon, now that Mr. Robert M. La Follette has made known his candidacy for the position of governor of Wisconsin, to announce to its readers and the voters of Wisconsin, that we do not believe, that Mr. La Follette should be entrusted with this important office. Our reason is, that he in February 1890 stated, that he was not willing to abide by and see carried out the wishes of a majority of the people of Wisconsin.

In February 1890 I went to Washington to acquaint our representatives in congress with the strong opposition of a large majority of the people of Wisconsin against the so-called Bennett law then in force. I had received a statement from several representatives in regard to the question, four of which statements were obtained however with the understanding, that they would not be published unless every representative was willing to state his position in favor of a modification of the law for publication.

When I called upon Mr. La Follette I found to my great surprise, that he was even more rabid upon the subject than Mr. Hoard. After a long argument I put this question to him: "In view of the fact Mr. La Follette, that I have given a promise to four representatives not to publish their statements unless every representative will say that he is in favor of a modification of the law, will you agree to simply state, that if a majority of the people of Wisconsin favor changes in the law you will acquiesce?"

Mr. La Follette then made the remarkable reply: "If the decision of this question depended upon me alone I would not consent to a change of a single word in that law." The Herald maintains, in order not to be misunderstood, that it considers

the Bennett law issue dead, but it believes that Mr. La Follette is not a safe man to guide the affairs of the State. We believe Mr. La Follette to be stubborn and headstrong and while he may be a brilliant orator, the governor of the State of Wisconsin must be a man always ready to at least acquiesce in the wishes of a majority of the people.

In acquainting our readers and the voters of Wisconsin with the above facts, we leave the matter in their hands. We firmly believe, that all those, whose attention is called to Mr. La Follette's unique position in placing himself above the majority of the people of Wisconsin will approve of the course of the Herald.

In conclusion we desire to say, that the Herald will be guided in the coming fall campaign solely by the candidates nominated and platforms adopted on state issues by the different conventions.

EDGAR W. COLEMAN.

## For Sale.

Hemlock and Tamarack lumber, dressed or rough.

STEVENS LUMBER CO.

## Deafness Cured.

Mrs. F. A. Link, of Alma Center, has returned from Eau Claire, where she was cured of deafness and noises in the ears, by Dr. F. R. Reynolds, Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat Specialist of that city.—Wisconsin Leader, Merrillan, May 27, 1898.

## For Sale at Bargains.

Anyone in need of a nice cottage in good repair, centrally located in the city, or pieces of land joining on the north, or tracts of No. 1 farming land south a few miles, should not hesitate in calling on D. E. Briggs and get figures. At Schroeder's harness shop.

## Notice of Examination.

Office of Superintendent of Schools, Oneida County, Wisconsin.

TO TEACHERS AND SCHOOL OFFICERS:—The spring series of examinations for Certification of Teachers will be held in the several inspection districts as follows:

First district, comprising the towns of Gagen and Schoepke—school house, Monico, August 23 and 24.

Second district, Pelican and City of Rhinelander—High School building, Rhinelander, August 17, 18 and 19.

Third district, Hazelhurst and Woodboro—Hazelhurst, August 20 and 21.

The standard of attainments is fixed as follows:

A minimum standing of 50 with an average of 65 is required for a third grade certificate; 55 and 75 for a second, and 65 and 85 for a first grade certificate.

Applicants will provide themselves with Legal Cap Paper, pen and ink, and remember that a fee of one dollar must accompany the application. First grade certificates will not be issued to those having had no previous experience as teachers.

F. M. Masov, Supt. of Schools, Rhinelander, Wis., July 21, 1898. (School officers post according to law.)

## Prosperity.

A man's condition depends almost entirely upon himself. Luck is but a small factor to most men in attaining wealth. Industry, perseverance and good judgment make the foundation upon which a man builds well. The first start in life of many of our great men has been upon a farm. Opportunities are as good at present as they have been in the past. Fine hardwood farming lands in Northern Wisconsin adjacent to the Wisconsin Central Lines are still to be had at very reasonable figures and on easy terms. Build a home of your own and be happy.

THE WONDERFUL DEPOSITS of iron ore, clay, kaolin and marl, together with the large hardwood timber tracts in Northern Wisconsin offer extraordinary inducements for the location of manufacturing plants. The Wisconsin Central Lines run through some of the richest localities in the State and afford the manufacturer excellent facilities for reaching the market quickly and at reasonable rates. Interested parties can obtain illustrated pamphlets and maps, as well as detailed information by addressing W. H. Killen, Industrial and Deputy Land Commissioner, Colby and Albert Building, Milwaukee, Wis.

H. F. Whittcomb, Gen'l Manager, BERTON JOHNSON, G. F. A. Jas. C. Post, Gen'l Pass. Agent, Milwaukee, Wis.

## GEM BARBER SHOP.

H. L. JEWETT, Prop.

## Hot and Cold Baths

In Connection

I make it a point to satisfy my patrons. My workmen are the best in the city. Call and see me. Shop on Stevens St., between the two leading hotels.

## If You Live In Rhinelander..



it is not necessary to tell you that...

## REARDON'S DRUG STORE

—IS THE BEST PLACE TO BUY—

## Drugs, Wall Paper, Stationery

For Every Man, Woman And Child In The City Knows That. But If You Live In

Monico, Pennington, North Crandon, Crandon, Woodboro, McNaughton-Tomahawk Lake, Pelican Lake, Woodruff, Arbor Vitae, Minocqua or Lac du Flambeau, THEN

Send me your drug orders. I will send, carefully packed, on first train, any article you may want. I will cheerfully mail samples of Wall Paper to any address. Send me the size of your rooms and I will forward estimates.

J. J. REARDON, Druggist,

RHINELANDER, WIS.

## Hutchinson & Innes,

Practical Plumbing, Steam Fitting, Gas Lighting, Heating.

Sewer and Water Pipe at reasonable prices

Outside Orders given Prompt Attention, Correspondence Solicited.

Office in Cover Block, Stevens Street.

## Excursion Tickets to Monona Lake Assembly at Madison, Wis.

Via the North-Western Line, will be sold at reduced rates, July 18 to 29 inclusive, limited to July 30. Apply to agents Chicago & North-Western Railway. 37-14 21.

## Chas. Thurston

wishes to call attention to the fact that he is prepared to do all work in the line of

Draying, Moving, Excavating, Job and Team Work.

He will also furnish stone and sand on short notice. All work done promptly and satisfactorily. m24-6mo

## F. A. HILDEBRAND,

DEALER IN FURNITURE.

My Stock is Complete and my Prices Reasonable. Your Patronage is solicited. An expert embalmer and funeral director in readiness at all times. Call before purchasing.

RHINELANDER, - WIS.

## The Central BARBER SHOP

DUSEL & LEWIS, Proprietors.

The finest and most centrally located shop in the city. THE place for a nice and work. The most experienced barbers in the country employed.

Hilber House Block, Brown Street.

## JOHN ROSS,

Practical

Horseshoer

—AND—

GEN'L BLACKSMITH

Shoeing horses that interfere or have weak or deformed feet a specialty. A share of your patronage solicited. Shops on King street, opposite Rapids Barn.

I have also opened up my wagon and buggy repair shop where all work in that line will be done neatly at very reasonable prices. Satisfaction guaranteed on all work left in my care.

## GEM BARBER SHOP.

H. L. JEWETT, Prop.

## Hot and Cold Baths

In Connection

I make it a point to satisfy my patrons. My workmen are the best in the city. Call and see me. Shop on Stevens St., between the two leading hotels.

## ATTORNEYS

S. H. ALBAN, Attorney at Law.

Collections promptly attended to. Office in Merchants State Bank building.

MILLER & McCORMICK, Attorneys at Law.

Collections promptly attended to. Office over First National Bank.

L. J. BILLINGS, Attorney & Counselor.

Office on Davenport Street. Rhinelander, Wis.

WALKER & WALKER, Attorneys at Law.

Office on Davenport Street. Rhinelander, Wis.

PAUL BROWNE, Attorney at Law.

Collections a Specialty. Rhinelander, Wis.

A. W. SHELTON, Attorney at Law.

Special attention paid to domestic law and contests. Rhinelander.

## PHYSICIANS.

T. B. McINDOE, Physician & Surgeon.

Office Corner Brown and Davenport Streets.

T. R. WELCH, Physician and Surgeon.

Office in Hiram Building, Second Floor. Night calls answered from office.

The Blind Restored to Sight.

Dr. Beaupre, Oculist.

Office on Brown street, over Mrs. Turner's millinery store.

Office Hours from 9 to 12 a.m. to 5 p.m.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK, of Rhinelander.

Capital \$50,000.

Interest Paid on Time Deposits Bank Center Intersection and Stevens Street

MERCHANTS STATE BANK, Capital \$50,000.

Interest Paid on Time Deposits. Brown Street. Rhinelander, Wis.

J. A. WHITING,

VETERINARY : SURGEON

And DENTIST.

Office at Jones & Chase's Library.

Rhinelander, Wisconsin.

# CLARK & LENNON - Builder's and Lumbermen's Hardware.

**LOCAL TIME TABLES.**  
**Chicago & Northwestern R'y**  
**NORTHBOUND**  
No. 11-Daily 7:30 A. M.  
No. 17-Abland Mail and Express 11:30 P. M.  
**SOUTHBOUND**  
No. 4-Daily 11:22 P. M.  
No. 3-Abland Mail and Express 11:14 A. M.  
H. C. REEGER, AGENT.

The cheapest place in the city to buy tin, granite or blue enamel ware is at Clark & Lennon's.

We have the largest and finest assortment of tin, granite and blue enamel ware in the city which we desire to dispose of to make room for other goods and we will sell them at prices that will astonish you.  
CLARK & LENNON.

If you want tin, granite and blue enamel ware cheap call at Clark & Lennon's.

A. Conro was at Lac du Flambeau Saturday on business.

Mrs. Paul Browne and children have returned from Waupaca.

C. C. Bronson and family were at Tripp's Resort last week for several days.

Mrs. H. R. Weesner and children went to Wabash, Ind., Friday night, where they will visit relatives for the next six weeks.

The interest in our Public Library continues despite the vacation and hot weather. A fresh arrival of books is awaited.

Mrs. F. Barnes and two sons returned Friday morning from a month's visit to friends in the southern part of the state.

B. S. Miller and wife, of Wausau, father and mother of Sam S. Miller, arrived in Rhinelander Tuesday for a visit of a few days.

Mrs. Woodard, after a month's visit with her daughter, Mrs. J. W. McCormick, left for her home at Bloomington, Ind., Friday night.

Mrs. M. E. Monsell and daughter Rena have returned to their home in this city, after a stay of several weeks at Star Lake with Mr. Monsell.

Rev. Geo. H. Kemp will preach on Sunday morning at the First Congregational Church at 10:30. Subject: "True Liberty." Evening service at 7:45.

Hired help in the domestic line is a mighty scarce article these days. Hardly a day passes without a call for a hired girl. An employment agency ought to do a thriving business in this branch alone.

A. J. Wilson is greatly improving the appearance of his residence in the Sixth Ward this week by raising it to a level with the sidewalk. Charles Kibben has the job and the work is progressing rapidly under his supervision.

Owing to the illness of Roadmaster A. E. Hanson, of the North-Western road, Frank Richter, section foreman, is filling the position temporarily. Mr. Hanson has been afflicted with typhoid fever for the past ten days but is now much improved.

An addition 2x120 was added to the North Side Hose House last week which will add considerably to the comfort of the boys. The new addition will be occupied by the horses and hose wagon, leaving a great deal more room which can be used to good advantage by the firemen.

Judge and Mrs. Harrigan arrived home Tuesday morning from their eastern trip. They visited Philadelphia, New York, Buffalo, and other eastern cities, and report a pleasant month spent. Mr. Harrigan says the vacation and trip did him good, and he is in better shape than ever to talk insurance.

Will Clifford, of Rhinelander, has been a guest at the home of his father, M. Clifford, since Friday, on his way to the Catholic Knights convention at Fond du Lac, as a delegate from the Rhinelander branch. He was accompanied to Fond du Lac this afternoon by Mrs. M. Clifford.—Stevens Point Journal.

Dan Sullivan finished making hay Monday on his farm two miles south of this city. He put over one hundred and ninety tons of clover and timothy hay, the largest crop ever cut in Oneida county in one season. Mr. Sullivan had the best of weather for making hay, not a pound of it getting wet. He will cut a second crop from part of it.

Mr. and Mrs. Anton Hanson mourn the loss of their only son, Arthur Millard Hanson, who died Saturday night at 9:20, after a short illness. He was a bright little fellow of four years and ten months, and his parents have the sympathy of a large circle of friends in their great bereavement. He was buried from the home Monday afternoon at 3 o'clock. Mr. and Mrs. Hanson sincerely thank all those kind friends who assisted them during the sickness of their little one.

If you want to Save Money on  
**Wall Paper**  
Call and Examine Stock at  
**THE PALACE DRUG STORE**

FOUND—Masonic watch chain. Owner can have same by calling at this office.

WANTED—Girl for second cooking, also laundress. Apply at Beach Hotel, Pelican Lake, Wis.

Mrs. Donaldson and Mrs. G. H. Kemp went to Woodboro Wednesday for a few days outing.

The cheapest place in the city to buy tin, granite or blue enamel ware is at Clark & Lennon's.

Andy J. Bolger was also down to see the foot race Sunday. Andy was a very interested spectator.

There will be an ice-cream social on John Collin's lawn to-night. All are invited. Cream and cake 10 cts.

FOR SALE—At a sacrifice, fifteen (15) shares of stock in Lewis Hardware Company. Will sell shares singly or wholly. For particulars inquire of B. W. McCarey.

We have the largest and finest assortment of tin, granite and blue enamel ware in the city which we desire to dispose of to make room for other goods and we will sell them at prices that will astonish you.  
CLARK & LENNON.

The Brown-Robbins Railway Company will run a train from their mill to Tripp's resort every Saturday afternoon during the season. Train will leave the mill at six p. m., and will return Sunday, leaving Tripp's at 6:20 p. m. About an hour will be required to make the trip. The fare one way is 50 cents, round trip tickets 75 cents. 57-21-24

D. A. McMillan, the big wrestler, left Tuesday for Antigo where he is billed to take the leading heavy part in a match to be held there this week. On Saturday he has a match at Wausau where elaborate preparations have been made for his reception. That city has been well billed for a catch-as-catch-can bout to take place at the Columbia Theatre between McMillan and a Stevens Point wrestler of repute. The former offers \$11.00 to any man he falls to throw in fifteen minutes and \$100 a minute after the fifteen are up in the event of the man staying.

## Pelican Lake Notes.

S. Sanborn, general superintendent of the North-Western road accompanied by H. Hartley, of the Northern Division, and party, spent Thursday here and enjoyed a day's outing.

Miss Mabelle Favelle, of West Superior, and Miss Edith Kelley, of Rhinelander, visited friends at the Beach Hotel Thursday and Friday.

## Home Seekers' Cheap Excursions.

On July 19, August 2, 16, September 6, 20, October 4 and 18, the North-Western Line will sell home seekers' excursion tickets, with favorable time limits, to numerous points in the West and South at exceptionally low rates. For tickets and full information apply to agents Chicago & North-Western R'y. 71 July 11

If you want tin, granite and blue enamel ware cheap call at Clark & Lennon's.

E. E. Stoltzman left today for Antigo, Wausau and other points south, where he will spend several weeks.

"I have used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy in my family for years and always with good results," says Mr. W. B. Cooper of El Rio, Cal. "For small children we find it especially effective." For sale at Palace Drug Store.

Our baby has been continually troubled with colic and cholera infantum since his birth, and all that we could do for him did not seem to give him more than temporary relief, until we tried Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. Since giving that remedy he has not been troubled. We want to give you this testimonial as an evidence of our gratitude, not that you need it to advertise your meritorious remedy.—G. M. Law, Keokuk, Iowa. For sale at Palace Drug Store.

## Hazeltown Notes.

A nice lot of watermelons arrived at the store Tuesday.

Mr. Wm. Harvey has taken a position in Tomahawk City.

Mr. Jesse Slipes had a big day's fish on Lake Khabershen Sunday.

Mr. Chas. Steel whose foot was seriously hurt is able to be on deck again.

Rev. Dr. Kohlstadt preached an interesting sermon at the town hall Monday evening.

Quite a large crowd are anticipating going to the M. W. A. picnic in Minocqua Sunday.

Mr. Fred Reiser, of Milwaukee, the Wisconsin Valley Ass'n inspector, was in town Tuesday.

Mr. Fred Gelow was called to Saginaw, Mich., by a telegram announcing the death of his sister.

At the quilt raffle and dance Saturday night No. 6 got the quilt and everyone had a good time.

Mr. McCall enjoyed a very pleasant ride Tuesday evening on the County Road leading to McNaughton and Tomahawk Lake Station.

A description of two girls buying 5 cents worth of candy—a realistic and true story, which occurred in Hazeltown—will appear next week.

Reading the thrilling accounts of the long ten-mile forced marches by the volunteer troops in the various camps, and of their being encumbered by heavy blankets, guns, ammunition, etc., to train for the long campaign in Cuba, has set the style and whim to a few of my gentlemen acquaintances, two of whom made a forced march of six miles the other morning in order to get home for breakfast, and all their baggage was a pen-knife and a collar and tie, which was carried in their hands and not on the manly back or strapped around their waist. When the recruiting officer makes his appearance we will certainly say a good word as to the sound walking abilities of our two friends.

Persons troubled with diarrhoea will be interested in the experience of Mr. W. M. Bush, clerk of Hotel Danforth, Providence, R. I. He says: "For several years I have been almost a constant sufferer from diarrhoea, the frequent attacks completely prostrating me and rendering me unfit for my duties at this hotel. About two years ago a traveling salesman kindly gave me a small bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. Much to my surprise and delight its effects were immediate. Whenever I felt symptoms of the disease I would fortify myself against the attack with a few doses of this valuable remedy. The result has been very satisfactory and almost complete relief from the affliction." For sale at Palace Drug Store.

## Notice of Meeting to Organize Military Company.

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, Madison, Wis.  
The undersigned having been appointed by order of the governor of Wisconsin as mustering officer to mustered in and perfect the organization of a volunteer military company at Rhinelander, in Oneida county, hereby gives notice that a meeting will be held at Rhinelander, in said county, on the 20th day of July, 1898, at 8 o'clock p. m., to mustered in said company and perfect the organization thereof. All persons who have joined in the application to the governor of Wisconsin for such organization are notified to be present at the meeting. Dated July 14, 1898.  
W. H. PATTON,  
Colonel and Asst. Adjutant General, Mustering Officer.

## IN COUNTY COURT, ONEIDA COUNTY.

In the matter of the last will and testament of Edward Lester Brown, deceased. Letters testamentary having been issued to Anderson W. Brown, Webster E. Brown, and George W. Brown, of the City of Rhinelander, in said County, on the will of Edward Lester Brown, late of said City and County, deceased, it is ordered, that the time until and including the first Tuesday of January, A. D. 1899, be and is hereby allowed for the creditors of said estate to present their claims, to present their claims for examination and allowance.

It is further ordered, that all claims and demands against the said Edward Lester Brown, deceased, be presented, examined and adjusted by this Court at the Court House, in the City of Rhinelander, in said County, on the first Tuesday of January, 1899, and on the first Tuesday of February, 1899.

It is further ordered, that notice of the time and place at which such claims and demands will be presented, examined and adjusted as aforesaid, and of the time hereby limited for creditors to present their claims, be given by publication of this order and notice in the New North, a weekly newspaper published in the City of Rhinelander, in said County, for four consecutive weeks, or in each week, the first publication to be within ten days from the date hereof. By the Court. Dated June 21, 1898.  
J. M. HARRIS, County Judge.

## NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

LAND OFFICE AT WAUSAU, WIS.  
June 21, 1898.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Judge or Clerk of the Circuit Court at Rhinelander, Wis., on August 19, 1898, viz: Fred Kuhn, who made H. E. No. 8445, for the NW 1/4 Sec. 12, Tp. 26 N., R. 10 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Louis Miller, Julius Kuhn, Henry Heyn and George Hout, all of Rhinelander, Wis.  
Eugene T. Wheelock, Register.

## Notice of Foreclosure Sale.

CIRCUIT COURT, ONEIDA COUNTY.  
E. G. Squire, Plaintiff.

M. HOLLAND AND MARGIE HOLLAND, Debtors.  
Notice is hereby given that by virtue of a judgment rendered in the above entitled action on the 15th day of July, 1897, and docketed on the 15th day of August, 1897, I am authorized to sell for cash, to the highest bidder for cash, the following described real estate, situated in Oneida County, Wisconsin, to-wit: The southeast 1/4 (40 acres) of Lot 10, Township 26 North, Range 10 East, of the original plat of the village (now city) of Rhinelander, according to the Record Book thereof, or so much thereof as is necessary to satisfy the amount of said judgment with costs.

Dated July 11, 1898.  
W. T. STEVENS,  
Shelton Oneida Co., Wis.

## First National Bank Report.

Report of the condition of the First National Bank at Rhinelander, in the State of Wisconsin, at the close of business July 14, 1898:

| Loans and discounts                                                | \$150,000.00 |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|
| U. S. Bonds to secure circulation                                  | 12,500.00    |
| U. S. Bonds to secure currency and exchange                        | 5,000.00     |
| Other real estate and mortgages owned                              | 50,000.00    |
| Due from National Banks (Not Reserve)                              | 2,274.50     |
| Due from State Banks and Banks                                     | 4,571.25     |
| Due from approved reserve agents (Checks and other National Banks) | 1,250.00     |
| Fractional paper currency, notes and coins                         | 37.27        |
| Legal Money Reserve in Bank                                        |              |
| Specie                                                             | \$2,601.00   |
| Legal tender notes                                                 | 8,000.00     |
| Redemption fund with U. S. Treas. (5 per cent. of circulation)     | 552.50       |
| Total                                                              | \$253,625.75 |
| LIABILITIES                                                        |              |
| Capital stock paid in                                              | \$50,000.00  |
| Surplus and profits less expenses and taxes paid                   | 4,176.18     |
| National bank notes outstanding                                    | 11,000.00    |
| Due to State Banks and Banks                                       | 9,545.17     |
| Individual deposits subject to check                               | 55,255.47    |
| Demand certificates of deposit                                     | 1,250.00     |
| Time certificates of deposit                                       | 75,799.60    |
| Total                                                              | \$253,625.75 |

STATE OF WISCONSIN,  
County of Oneida.  
I, W. T. STEVENS, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.  
W. T. STEVENS, Cashier.  
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 20th day of July, 1898.  
A. L. PERRY, Notary Public.

CORRECT-Attest:  
A. D. DANIELS,  
CHAS. CHAFFIN,  
G. S. COOK.

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July 11, 1898.

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Eugene T. Wheelock, Register.

## CIRCUIT COURT, ONEIDA COUNTY.

E. H. BROWN, Plaintiff.

W. H. CLARK and KEITH DALLMEYER, Defendants.  
THE STATE OF WISCONSIN, TO THE SAID DEFTS: You are hereby summoned to appear within twenty days after service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and defend the above entitled action in the court aforesaid; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, of which a copy is herewith served upon you.

MILLER & MCCORMICK,  
Plaintiff's Attorneys,  
Rhinelander, Oneida Co.,  
61-20-111.

## CIRCUIT COURT, ONEIDA COUNTY.

E. H. BROWN, Plaintiff.

ANNE M. COWMAN, Defendant.  
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MILLER & MCCORMICK,  
Plaintiff's Attorneys,  
Rhinelander, Oneida Co.,  
61-20-111.

Leave Orders for Cut Flowers  
At **Ashton's.**

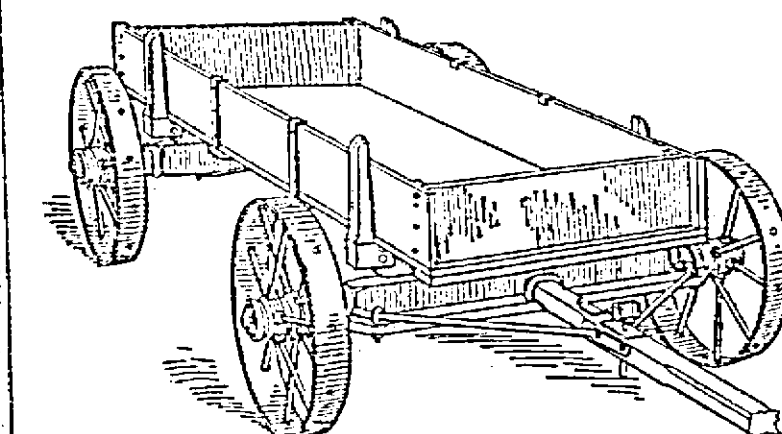
Did you know that we sell  
**Candy**.....

We have just received a stock of the Finest Candy manufactured.  
"Alle Go" Chocolate Creams,  
Chocolate Henriettes,  
Chocolate Ting-a-Ling, Box Candy,  
Finest in the city, 25c half lb.

We also sell Writing Paper, Envelopes, Pencils, Pens and all kinds of school supplies. Sewing Books, Cards, Lumber Leads, etc. Typewriters Supplies. Finest line of Cigars, Pipes and Smoking Tobacco in the city.

Post Office Building. S. H. & W. H. ASHTON.

## The "New Idea" Wagon.



There is nothing so much needed on the farm as a Low-Down, Broad Tire, Wide-Platform wagon. It is used more than all other implements put together. It is just the thing for hauling corn stalks, tools, manure, grain or anything. It pulls easily, because the wide tires roll over the surface and cut no ruts that drain off the fertilizer or juices of the manure. The low wheel saves half the lifting, and the Top Half too. Such a wagon saves the wages of one man in loading. It will last a generation and you will have no tire setting or repair bills. It does away with strained backs from lifting over high wheels. It is a Road Maker and not a Road Breaker. It will not upset on side hills and it is great on marshes.

## LEWIS HARDWARE COMPANY.

## Life is too Short for Experiments.

We guarantee you a sure thing, no matter if you order your clothes made in the latest fashion or after your own peculiar ideas.

Our Prices Like Our Goods are Just Right—They Fit.

Our Tailors cannot be excelled. You are cordially invited to inspect and compare our complete stock of woollens with others. It cannot be surpassed. It talks for itself.

## Rhineland Tailoring Co.

## NO WAR PRICES HERE

We can suit you, both as to quality and prices in lumbermen's supplies, stoves, ranges, farm machinery and tools, hardware of all kinds, crockery, buggies, wagons, refrigerators, and in fact, everything in this line.

If you doubt it Come and See.

## LEWIS HARDWARE COMPANY.

## Hammocks!

—AT—

## BRONSONS.

## Gypsine, 40c pkg.

## PAINTS

Of every description, Oils, Varnishes, Brushes, Enamels, Etc.  
Any Color Mixed Free of Charge when White Lead is Purchased Here.

## JEWELL'S PAINT STORE.

CO., St. Paul, Minn. Sold by Dr.

## ART IN ARCHITECTURE.

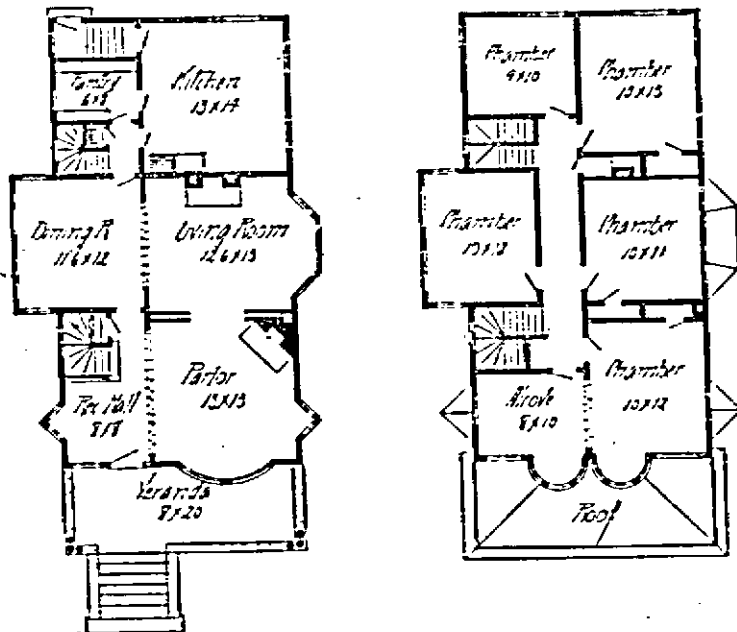
DESIGNED AND WRITTEN ESPECIALLY FOR THIS PAPER.

The ten-room residence here illustrated is of composition. All glass is treated will cost about \$2,000. The foundation is rubble stone, 16-inch walls. Sizes of rooms are as follows: Parlor, 13 by 13 feet; living room, 12 feet 6 inches by 12 feet; kitchen, 12 by 12 feet; reception hall, 8 by 8 feet; chambers, 10 by 12, 10 by 11, 10 by 13 and 9 by 10 feet; alcove, 8 by 10 feet; pantry, 6 by 8 feet; veranda, 8 by 20 feet. The parlor is nicely arranged, having a fireplace, angle and oriel bay windows and large gridded opening.



FRONT ELEVATION OF \$2,000 RESIDENCE.

Into the reception hall. The living room has fireplace, sliding doors between it and parlor and is separated from dining-room by a closed opening. There is a large bay window in sitting room, a fireplace with wood mantel and paneled wainscoting. The rear stairway leads from rear hall to the second floor. All chambers have large closets. The height of first story is 9 feet 6 inches; second story, 9 feet; basement, 7 feet. All interior wood work is Georgia pine, oil finish. The roof should be painted an Indian red. The front door will be of oak, quarter sawed, finished in the natural wood. House is piped for gas and furnace. The gutters, flushing valleys and down spouts are to be of galvanized iron. All the flues for fireplaces are 8 by 8 feet; for furnace, 8 by 12 inches. Electric bells are placed in kitchen, with push buttons at front and rear doors. The entrance to basement is beneath



PLANS OF FIRST AND SECOND FLOORS.

dining-room floor, reception hall floor and living room floor are Georgia pine; kitchen and pantry floors are of maple, and all other floors are of pine. All the floors are double, having felt paper between them. The entire exterior of house is sheathed with fence flooring and finished with O. G. siding, having tar paper between siding and the sheathing. All exterior painting must be three-coat work. The chimneys are of press brick. The veranda railing is built from the ground with press brick, capped with stone. All doors are five cross panel doors. The roof is shingled with cedar shingles, and carving shown in elevation.

The studs are 2 by 4 feet; rafters, 2 by 6 feet; joist, 2 by 10 feet; plates, 2 by 12 feet. All material used is of the best of its respective kind. GEORGE A. W. KINTZ.

## PRESENCE OF MIND.

He Was a Keen Boy and Was Equal to the Occasion When Caught at Mischief.

The farmer crept stealthily along behind the fence. Step by step he advanced, always with his gaze fastened upon the cherry tree, in the distance.

"If I don't turn town boys, anyway," he muttered to himself, as he took a firm grip upon the wicker switch that he had cut from the hickory log of the barn, "I'll show 'em!"

Nearer and nearer he drew to the spot where the engagement was to occur. Slightly, like a tiger advancing upon its prey, he edged along through the weeds, from one fence corner to another.

Meanwhile the boy in the tree kept croaking his elbow at a 22 knot clip. The cherries were large and fat and red, and he had a wonderful tongue. Ever and anon he would smack his lips and eject a handful of stones from his mouth. It was glorious.

Suddenly a rustled form seemed to rise up out of the ground, and somebody bawled in tones that were husky with emotion:

"Here, that you hide, what are you doing up there!"

It was one of those moments when a word may win all or cause all to be lost. The boy dropped the biggest, reddest, juiciest cherry that he had been able to reach, pulled himself together, drew his hair, brown legs up under him, and replied:

"I'm rememberin' the Maine."

When he could speak again the farmer said:

"If they ain't enough here for you, there's another nice tree full of 'em, up yonder in the orchard."—Cleveland Leader.

A Philippine Heroine.

One of the Philippine insurgent leaders is a beautiful woman whose life seems to be charmed. She has often rushed bravely into the very teeth of death from guns and cannon, but has never been wounded. Frequently we see people in this country who live so long that their lives seem charmed also, but the only charm about it is that they keep up their strength and vitalize their blood with that celebrated remedy, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters.

Queered Himself.

"Oh, mamma, I fear the Duke is not high-born, after all."

"Why, Maude?"

"We were talking of the mooted Anglo-American alliance, and he said something about our 'common blood'."—Indianapolis Journal.

Try Allen's Foot-Ease.

A powder to be shaken into the shoes. At this season your feet feel hot, nervous, and hot, and get tired easily. If you have aching, sore, or tight shoes, try Allen's Foot-Ease. It cools the feet and makes walking easy. Cures swollen and sweating feet, blisters, and callous spots. Relieves corns and bunions of all pains and distress and cures. Try it today. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores for 25¢. Trial package FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Market Fluctuations.

"She told me her heart and hand were pledged."

"What did you say?"

"I told her I would go off somewhere and wait until she sent me word that they were marked down."—Indianapolis Journal.

Sure Enough!

Mrs. Hoon—Why isn't this war prosecuted more rapidly?

Hoon—Why, you see, my dear, we can't lick the Spaniards any faster than we can catch them!—Puck.

Fits stopped free and permanently cured.

No fits after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Free 21 trial bottle & treatise. Dr. Kline, 933 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

She—"Why aren't you going to spend the summer in Europe?" He—"Because I have nothing but the summer to spend."—N. Y. Ledger.

The tallest man is "short" sometimes.—L. A. W. Bulletin.

## A Liberal Supply Needed.

"There's one thing, dear George," she wrote, "that you mustn't forget. Stand on tiptoe when those great guns go off, and stuff your ears full of cotton. Don't forget the cotton when you pass through the south. Get two bales while you are about it." And dear George rubbed his ears and wondered what the meant.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Wheat 10 Cents a Bushel.

How to grow wheat with big profit at 40 cents and sample of Salzer's Cross (50 bushels per acre) Winter Wheat, Rye, Oats, Clovers, etc., with Farm Seed Catalogue for 1 cent postage. JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO., La Crosse, Wis.

Quality, price and advertising. And the greatest of these isn't either quality or price, although it takes a combination of all three to win.—L. A. W. Bulletin.

War Photographer—"Business with me is developing. How is it with you?" Ammunition Manufacturer—"It's booming, I thank you!"—Town Topics.

We have not been without Pilo's Cure for Consumption for 30 years.—Lizzie Ferrell, Camp St., Harrisburg, Pa., May 4, '91.

Officer (to recruit)—"Miller, I believe you would have fallen off your horse if you had been a centaur!"—Herald Blade.

To Cure a Cold in One Day.

Take Laxative Broom Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c.

"Money talks." If there is any change coming to you, that's luck talk.—L. A. W. Bulletin.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is a Constitutional Cure. Price 75c.

## PERUNA'S VICTORY.

Dr. S. F. Hartman, Columbus, O.

DEAR SIR:—I feel like a new woman since using your Peruna.

Your medicine has helped me so much that I can work and never

felt tired out. When I first began to use your medicine I couldn't sweep my own room, run the sewing machine or lift anything, not even a chair. It even hurt me to ride or walk any distance. Now I can do all this, and I believe more, and never feel the effects of it. I feel so proud of the way it has brought me out that I tell it far and near. I can heartily recommend your medicine to any woman suffering from female disease. I know from experience that your medicine will do just what you say it will. I thank you, Doctor, a thousand times for your treatment. I shall recommend your medicine wherever I go. I know what it has done for me and I know it will do the same for others. I feel that there are thousands of other women who would, after using your treatment, as I did, be thankful. I am so glad I got your treatment. This month is the first time in my life that I can remember of having my menses without pain. Why, I can't do anything but recommend Peruna.—Miss Emma L. Bolden, Wilkesboro, O.

The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, O., will mail Dr. Hartman's special book for women, free on application, to women only. All druggists sell Peruna.

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## SKILL OF DOCTORS TESTED.

Fifteen Years of Suffering.

"I thought I should surely die."

When the stomach begins to fail in its duties, other organs speedily become burdened almost unbearable. Indigestion and dyspepsia are so common that only the sufferer from these diseases knows the possibilities of misery that interfere in them. A typical example of the sufferings of the victim of indigestion is furnished in the case of John C. Pritchard. He went on for fifteen years, from bad to worse, in spite of doctors, he grew constantly weaker, and thought he would die. He got well, however, and thus relates his experience:

"For fifteen years I was a great sufferer from indigestion in its worst form. I tested the skill of many doctors, but grew worse and worse, until I became so weak I could not walk fifty yards without having to sit down and rest. My stomach, liver and heart became affected, and I thought I would surely die. I tried Dr. J. C. Ayer's Pills and they helped me right away. I continued their use and am now entirely cured. I don't know of anything that will so quickly relieve and cure the terrible sufferings of dyspepsia as Dr. Ayer's Pills."—John C. Pritchard, Brodie, Wash. Co., N. C.

This case is not extraordinary, either in

the severity of the disease or the prompt and perfect cure performed by Dr. Ayer's Pills. Similar results occur in every case where Dr. Ayer's Pills are used. "They helped me right away" is the common expression of those who have tried them. Here is another testimony to the truth of this statement:

"I formerly suffered from indigestion and weakness of the stomach, but since I began the use of Dr. J. C. Ayer's Pills, I have the appetite of the farmer's boy. I am 65 years of age, and recommend all who wish to be free from dyspepsia to take one of Dr. Ayer's Pills after dinner, till their digestive organs are in good order."—Wm. Strauss, Grant, Neb.

Dr. Ayer's Pills offer the surest and swiftest relief from constipation and all its attendant ills. They cure dizziness, nausea, heartburn, palpitation, bad breath, coated tongue, nervousness, sleeplessness, biliousness, and a score of other ailments that are, after all, only the signs of a more deep rooted disease. You can find more information about Dr. Ayer's Pills, and the diseases they have cured, in Ayer's Cure-book, a story of cures told by the cured. This book of 100 pages is sent free, on request, by the J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

"DON'T HIDE YOUR LIGHT UNDER A BUSH." THAT'S JUST WHY WE TALK ABOUT

# SAPOLIO

## WEAK SPOTS.

Everybody Comes Into This World With a Predisposition to Disease.

A Talk With Mrs. Pinkham About the Cause of Anemia.

Everybody comes into this world with a predisposition to disease of some particular tissue; in other words, everybody has a weak spot. In ninety-nine cases out of a hundred the weak spot in women is somewhere in the uterine system. The uterine organs have less resistance to disease than the vital organs; that's why they give out the soonest.

# We Consider Both

PRICE is the first consideration with many shoe buyers.

QUALITY should be the prime consideration.

Without quality price is meaningless.

We consider both, Quality and Price. Here is an instance:

Ladies' Fine Shoes, - \$1.69.

They come in Tan or Black, fancy vesting top, coin toe, check full of style, wear and shoe satisfaction. There are plenty of other shoe values for good judges. On the shoe question we are thoroughly posted. Ladies and gentlemen, old and young, all can find the shoes they want at the prices they ought to pay.

## Straw Hats!

In order to close out every Straw Hat in the store we are offering them at exactly HALF PRICE.

## CASH DEPARTMENT STORE,

Originator and promoter of the One Price System, enabling a child to buy as cheaply as its mother, which others are imitating but are only imitators.

## RAY'S RECRUIT

BY CAPTAIN CHARLES KINGMAN

AUTHOR OF "THE COLONEL'S DAUGHTER," "FROM THE RANKS," ETC.

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But further confidence was ended by the sudden entrance of Miss Langdon herself. She had evidently been watching for Gray's return. Out-tricked to him in eager greeting were Amy's long, slender white hands; uplifted to his in anxious inquiry were a pair of the softest, loveliest eyes. The voice in which the words were said, almost tremulous.

"What is it, Darcy?"

The hand slipped into his, and Miss Langdon walked to a sofa whither she would have drawn him, but despite the hand, which, notwithstanding, he released, he remained on his feet and concisely answered:

"What you expected."

"From Mr. Hunter? Gerald, go down and play with Ralph until mother sends for you."

"Ralph isn't there," was the petulant answer.

"Then go and play. Go anyhow." Then she turned for answer. "From Mr. Hunter?"

"Yes."

"And it's true?"

"Yes, every cent."

Then the hands would be no longer denied. Both went impulsively out, seized his with no timid grasp and drew him impetuously down beside her. Then to his amazement he saw the fair face quivering pitifully, the lovely eyes brimming with tears, the soft red lips twitching with uncontrollable emotion.

"Oh, you poor, dear boy—oh, Darcy, Darcy, I never—I never knew how much I cared for you till now," she almost sobbed. "Gerald, if you don't leave this room instantly, I'll—"

But the boy looked at her, and then Darcy saw that she was gazing up at him through a briny depth of tears. Even in his surprise, even in the thrill of joy with which he heard this fond confession, he recognized himself, as it were, in the sick of time.

"Under the circumstances, that's something I didn't expect to hear," said Darcy.

"Under other circumstances, you wouldn't have heard it," said Amy.

"Listen to reason, Darcy," said Miss Langdon, regaining dignity and self-possession at sight of the hunger in his eyes. "I have no money. I have every ambition, every longing, every desire that only position and money can gratify. I like you better than any man I ever knew, yet I wouldn't marry you, because you hadn't enough to offer, and I never so fully felt that I could and would marry you as now—when I can't. Even Mr. Smythe, with \$500,000, could not buy. I am going to a higher bidder—the highest I could find. So far as I'm concerned, that settles my fate. But it's yours I care about, Darcy. You've been a dawdler and a do-nothing all your life. What will you do now?"

"He tries to my friends—and their estimate of me, probably. You wouldn't have me to disappoint them, would you?"

"What on earth do you mean? Speak sensibly, Darcy. I've never been worth your trust when you gave it. Now I'm honest with you. What will you do?"

"What they all prophesied—nothing."

"Darcy, you have brains and energy. You have—perseverence enough to win anything—that's worth having," she concluded, lamely.

There was a sudden sound of sniffling on the balcony without. Over the moonlit Alpine sea the water was gazing toward the shores of France and wondering if many mothers had such trials as daughters at whose farthingales dangled half the dignities in society. Smythe's mother, it seems, had taken up the pen to record the plaintive plea of her golden calf and was dealing trenchant blows at her old enemy, the mother of the little of the season.

"Mother will be in here in a moment, Darcy. You must be frank with me, and likely may be up any moment. You will stay here until you've had time to look about you?"

"I've had plenty of time today. Everything's settled. Tell Rikely I'm sorry I can't be able to take him back and his hunting, as I promised."

"Do you mean you're going soon—tomorrow?"

"No," said Gray, rising. "I'm going tonight."

One instant the beautiful face beside him wore an expression of utter weariness of genuine sympathy and sorrow, then, decked itself with winning and conventional smiles, for the sudden door, opening at the moment, revealed young boys

ful, the trader, tugging at the hand of the other boyful, moccled. Knickerbockers and evening dress confronted each other at the threshold. Rejected Yank, accepted Briton, met as do modern mortal rivals with-out sign of rancor.

"Er—sh—what's up, Gray?"

"Nothing. I'm down."

By the midnight express he left via Barn for Basel. He could not face the throng of inquisitive sympathizers on the morrow. He meant to skip away unnoticed, but he had been too genuinely popular, and there are men and many of them, Briton or Boston, who will go out of their way to say good words to a fellow in distress. Three of them trailed Gray to the station and ran him to earth on the train, and said impetuous things about being his banker, and made other offers impossible to take seriously. The only thing he could take was a drink with all three, until they tumbled off at the conductor's shrill summons, and through the night, under the glitter of the lamps, something came gleaming and spinning, and he caught Rikely's handsome flank and Rikely's parting words:

"Take a drink for me once in awhile, will you, old boy? An revoir."

CHAPTER I

The major was sprawled on the broad of his back under the shade of a spreading cottonwood, a slouch hat, lattered and weather stained, pulled well down over his sun-dark brown eyes, their heavy brows concealed by its jagged rim, their long, thick, curling lashes downward sweeping toward the tanned, sun-baked cheeks. The trailing beard and curling black mustache concealed the lines of the mouth and jaws, rendering speculation as to the major's characteristics mere guesswork, which wouldn't be the case, said Captain Trotter, a physiognomist of the first order in his own estimation, if the major's face were, as usual with him in garrison, freshly and cleanly shaved (except as to the upper lip). Open at the throat, the major's dark blue flannel shirt rolled easily back, revealing a black waste of hairy stubble down to the protuberant "Adam's apple," below which the fair skin showed almost as white as a child's and well nigh as soft. A devotee to cold water was the major, even in his cups, and that, too, in days when the traditions of the great war still held sway in the cavalry and the cocktail was the rule, not the exception, at morning stable call. Not that he preached the doctrine of total abstinence or looked upon himself as a model of virtue in any way. "Whisky never did me any good," was his modest explanation. "I never seemed to need it or to care for it. I never saw any fun in getting fell, and the only time I ever did, it made me sick for a week—a thing that never happened to me before or since. If you like it, Ray, or if it agrees with you, Blake, why, go ahead. So long as you don't get full and neglect your business, it's none of mine." Time was in the regimental past, as the major very well knew and the minors sometimes said, when Ray occasionally "got full" and when Blake seemed to think it agreed with him—until the day afterward at least. But Blake and Ray had found reason to part company with their old familiar friend, that intimacy having led, as often do others, to later estrangement; that familiarity having bred contempt; that warmth, as Tom Hood would have said, having produced a coldness.

"Singed cats" was what the unrepentant of the snailshells called these erstwhile jovial blades, but never where

sandy bottom of a vanished creek, and the sight of this oasis in the desert, the clump of cottonwoods with its culling stragglers farther down stream, was indeed a grateful one. It told of the presence of living water, and the regiment, said Trooper Kelly, "was as dry as the chaplain's temperance sermon the night before Patrick's day in the morning."

Mainwaring's four troops, being first on the ground, pre-empted what grass there was before breaking for the spring. Trooper Law reserved to the horses of the owner all space within larist length of the firmly driven picket pin, and woe to the man that "jumped the claim." In like manner had the major's "striker" pre-empted the biggest cottonwood for his master's roof tree, and there, dazed, shaken and smoothly spread, were the major's blankets when, fresh from his dip in the stream, that sturdy, keen-eyed, compactly built soldier came back for his rest.

And there he lay, the picture of trooper content, beguiling the moments until dinner should be ready and trying hard not to go to sleep meantime, with a copy of "Les Miserables," hauled from the depth of his capacious saddlebags. Having had little schooling to speak of, Mainwaring was an assiduous reader of fiction, and prided himself on the fact.

Presently, without lifting his eye from the page or glancing toward the party interrogated, who was sprawling in similar fashion under an adjacent tree, the major popped the following question:

"Blake, what's savvy ke paw?"

And Blake, without lifting his eyes from the written pages of the massive in his lean brown hand, responded, after the manner of soldier folk, "Dumfries."

The major's brows contracted in a scowl. Suspiciously he glanced at his long-legged comrade. "Thought you spoke French," said he.

To which Blake blandly responded, with modest and not inexcusable hesitancy:

"Well—or—not always. Isn't it—possibly savvy ke paw?"

"Well, savvy ke paw, then," responded Mainwaring, with disdainful emphasis on the convenient monosyllable.

"What's that?"

"That," said Blake, "is what the girls say when Brady tries to dance—jump for your lives—and Brady take the hindmost. It's a polite French for 'the jig is up.'"

Captain Ray, stretched at ease upon a costly Navajo blanket of which he was inordinately proud, reached out with his moccasined foot and indicated the canvas re-enforcement of his comrade's field riding breeches. "Quit it, Blake," he muttered.

But the major needed no man to protect his interests. He might not know French, but he knew Blake and liked him—ordinarily.

"I more than half thought you didn't know, Legs," he said, with a yawn. "Legs" was a regimental pet name for the longest and lankiest of the commissioned list. "You West Pointers have nearly all had two years' schooling in that tongue, and another year in Spanish, and I'm blessed if ever a one of you could speak either. I'd have a heap more respect for you if you'd come out like a man and say you didn't know, like Ray, for instance. There's no nonsense about him."

Here Blake kicked backward, in delighted return of his comrade's broad hint. "Well, major," he hastened to say, "my translation was a trifle free perhaps, but the phrase is a clumsy one to turn into English. Ray will agree with me as to the translation. The main trouble with his French is the accent. It's a combination of blue grass and Apache."

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ful, the trader, tugging at the hand of the other boyful, moccled. Knickerbockers and evening dress confronted each other at the threshold. Rejected Yank, accepted Briton, met as do modern mortal rivals with-out sign of rancor.

"Er—sh—what's up, Gray?"

"Nothing. I'm down."

By the midnight express he left via Barn for Basel. He could not face the throng of inquisitive sympathizers on the morrow. He meant to skip away unnoticed, but he had been too genuinely popular, and there are men and many of them, Briton or Boston, who will go out of their way to say good words to a fellow in distress. Three of them trailed Gray to the station and ran him to earth on the train, and said impetuous things about being his banker, and made other offers impossible to take seriously. The only thing he could take was a drink with all three, until they tumbled off at the conductor's shrill summons, and through the night, under the glitter of the lamps, something came gleaming and spinning, and he caught Rikely's handsome flank and Rikely's parting words:

"Take a drink for me once in awhile, will you, old boy? An revoir."

CHAPTER I

The major was sprawled on the broad of his back under the shade of a spreading cottonwood, a slouch hat, lattered and weather stained, pulled well down over his sun-dark brown eyes, their heavy brows concealed by its jagged rim, their long, thick, curling lashes downward sweeping toward the tanned, sun-baked cheeks. The trailing beard and curling black mustache concealed the lines of the mouth and jaws, rendering speculation as to the major's characteristics mere guesswork, which wouldn't be the case, said Captain Trotter, a physiognomist of the first order in his own estimation, if the major's face were, as usual with him in garrison, freshly and cleanly shaved (except as to the upper lip). Open at the throat, the major's dark blue flannel shirt rolled easily back, revealing a black waste of hairy stubble down to the protuberant "Adam's apple," below which the fair skin showed almost as white as a child's and well nigh as soft. A devotee to cold water was the major, even in his cups, and that, too, in days when the traditions of the great war still held sway in the cavalry and the cocktail was the rule, not the exception, at morning stable call. Not that he preached the doctrine of total abstinence or looked upon himself as a model of virtue in any way. "Whisky never did me any good," was his modest explanation. "I never seemed to need it or to care for it. I never saw any fun in getting fell, and the only time I ever did, it made me sick for a week—a thing that never happened to me before or since. If you like it, Ray, or if it agrees with you, Blake, why, go ahead. So long as you don't get full and neglect your business, it's none of mine." Time was in the regimental past, as the major very well knew and the minors sometimes said, when Ray occasionally "got full" and when Blake seemed to think it agreed with him—until the day afterward at least. But Blake and Ray had found reason to part company with their old familiar friend, that intimacy having led, as often do others, to later estrangement; that familiarity having bred contempt; that warmth, as Tom Hood would have said, having produced a coldness.

"Singed cats" was what the unrepentant of the snailshells called these erstwhile jovial blades, but never where

sandy bottom of a vanished creek, and the sight of this oasis in the desert, the clump of cottonwoods with its culling stragglers farther down stream, was indeed a grateful one. It told of the presence of living water, and the regiment, said Trooper Kelly, "was as dry as the chaplain's temperance sermon the night before Patrick's day in the morning."

Mainwaring's four troops, being first on the ground, pre-empted what grass there was before breaking for the spring. Trooper Law reserved to the horses of the owner all space within larist length of the firmly driven picket pin, and woe to the man that "jumped the claim." In like manner had the major's "striker" pre-empted the biggest cottonwood for his master's roof tree, and there, dazed, shaken and smoothly spread, were the major's blankets when, fresh from his dip in the stream, that sturdy, keen-eyed, compactly built soldier came back for his rest.

And there he lay, the picture of trooper content, beguiling the moments until dinner should be ready and trying hard not to go to sleep meantime, with a copy of "Les Miserables," hauled from the depth of his capacious saddlebags. Having had little schooling to speak of, Mainwaring was an assiduous reader of fiction, and prided himself on the fact.

Presently, without lifting his eye from the page or glancing toward the party interrogated, who was sprawling in similar fashion under an adjacent tree, the major popped the following question:

"Blake, what's savvy ke paw?"

And Blake, without lifting his eyes from the written pages of the massive in his lean brown hand, responded, after the manner of soldier folk, "Dumfries."

The major's brows contracted in a scowl. Suspiciously he glanced at his long-legged comrade. "Thought you spoke French," said he.

To which Blake blandly responded, with modest and not inexcusable hesitancy:

"Well—or—not always. Isn't it—possibly savvy ke paw?"

"Well, savvy ke paw, then," responded Mainwaring, with disdainful emphasis on the convenient monosyllable.

"What's that?"

"That," said Blake, "is what the girls say when Brady tries to dance—jump for your lives—and Brady take the hindmost. It's a polite French for 'the jig is up.'"

Captain Ray, stretched at ease upon a costly Navajo blanket of which he was inordinately proud, reached out with his moccasined foot and indicated the canvas re-enforcement of his comrade's field riding breeches. "Quit it, Blake," he muttered.

But the major needed no man to protect his interests. He might not know French, but he knew Blake and liked him—ordinarily.

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